

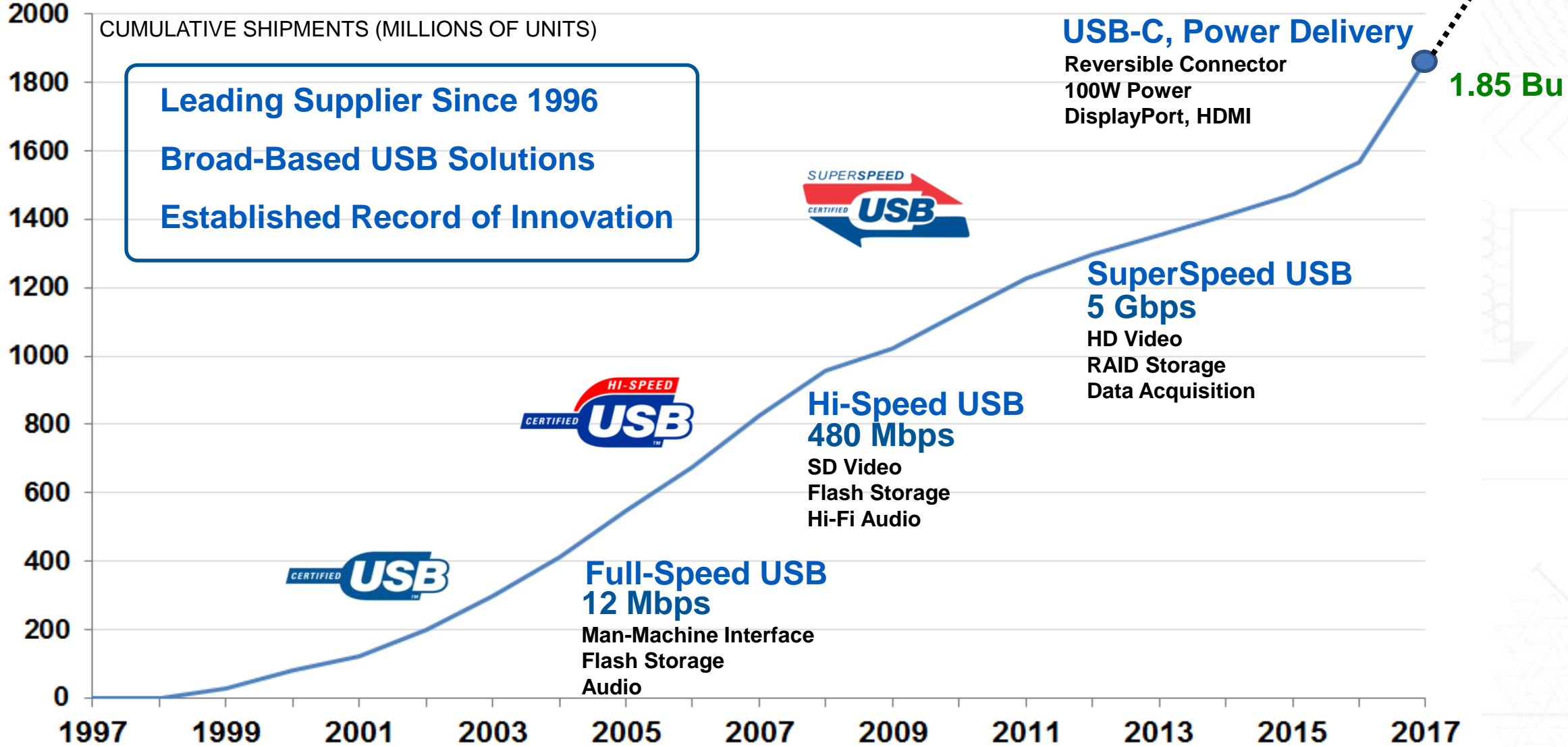


# USB-C EMCA Cable and Power Adapter Application Solutions

Q418



# Making USB Universal™ Since 1996



# Cypress Is #1 In USB-C with 37%\* Market Share

First-To-Market, Customer-Proven, Innovation Pace Setter

Over 10 Billion USB Ports, All Will Transition to USB-C

2017-2022 TAM<sup>1</sup>  
Growth: 40%



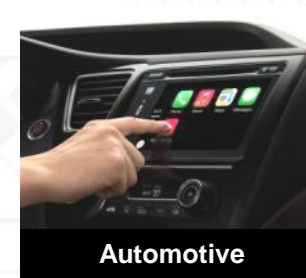
Computing



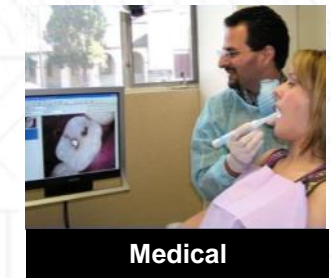
Gaming



Smart Home



Automotive



Medical



Mobile



HD Video/Audio



Communications



Industrial



Everywhere

2015

2016

2017

2018

2019

2020

2021

## Cypress USB-C Innovations

First USB PD Controller to Market	First EMCA Smallest USB PD Controller	First USB PD + Billboard Controller	First Dual-Port USB PD Controller	First PD 3.0 PPS Controller	First Integrated USB PD Hub	First HDMI Alternate Mode Controller	First to Achieve QC 4.0 & PPS Certification
OCT'14	MAR'15	DEC'15	JAN'16	JUN'16	AUG'16	JAN'17	NOV'17

## Cypress USB-C Leadership:

- Five generations of market-proven solutions accelerate customer's time-to-Production
- Programmability keeps pace with standard changes
- Mature design tools empowers a broad customer base
- Worldwide customer training workshops proliferate best design practices



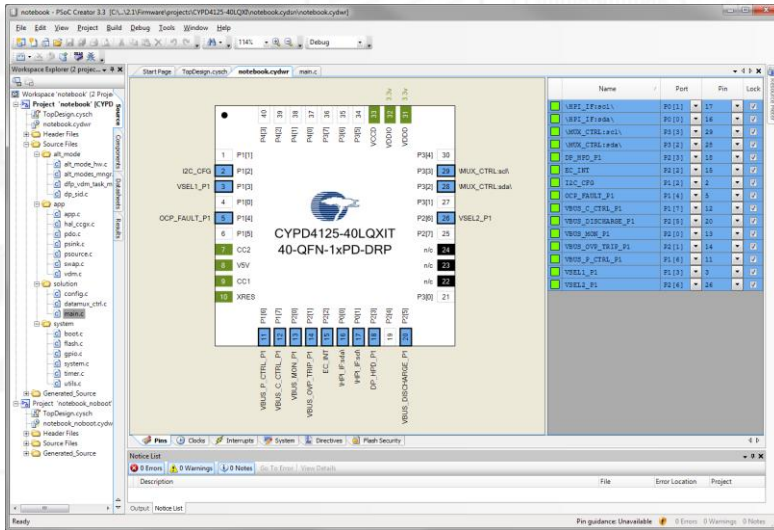
# Cypress USB-C Portfolio

## EZ-PD™ Programmable USB-C and Power Delivery Solutions

Solutions For Any USB-C Application



EZ-PD Config. GUI & PSoC Creator IDE



## All-In-One Dev Kits & Reference Designs



EZ-PD Solution Families



  
CCG1  
General Purpose

  
CCG2  
Automotive, Cable, Dongle, Mobile

  
CCG3  
Automotive, Camera, Gaming, General Purpose, Power adapter

  
CCG4  
Desktop, Laptop, PC Peripheral, Server, Tablet

  
CCG3PA  
Automotive, Power Adapter, Power Bank, Power outlet

  
CCG5  
Dock, TBT PC  
 **CYPRESS**  
EMBEDDED IN TOMORROW™



# Certified EZ-PD Applications

EZ-PD Product	Part Number	Test ID (TID)	Application	Function	Date
<b>CCG1</b>	CYPD1103	1095059	Cable	EMCA	5/22/2015
	CYPD1120	1096044	Dongle	UFP	8/14/2015
	CYPD1122	1096037	Notebook	DRP	8/14/2015
	CYPD1132	1096040	Power Adapter	DFP	8/14/2015
	CYPD1134	1096042	Notebook, Desktop	DFP	8/14/2015
<b>CCG2</b>	CYPD2103	1095054	Cable	EMCA	5/22/2015
	CYPD2122	1096039	Tablet	DRP	8/14/2015
	CYPD2134	1096047	Power Adapter	DFP	8/14/2015
	CYPD2120	1097040	Dongle	UFP	11/25/2015
	CYPD2121	1097041	Monitor, Dock	DRP	11/25/2015
	CYPD2125	1097045	Monitor, Dock	DFP	11/25/2015
<b>CCG2 Automotive</b>	CYPD2194	1060084	Charger Port	DFP	12/8/2017
<b>CCG3</b>	CYPD3105	1098018	Thunderbolt Cable	EMCA	2/12/2016
	CYPD3120	1000061	Dongle	EMCA	8/5/2016
	CYPD3121	1010055	Power Bank	UFP	11/23/2016
	CYPD3123	1098119	Dongle	DRP	2/6/2018
	CYPD3125	1098019	Notebook, Phone	DRP	2/12/2016
	CYPD3135	1099031	Power Adapter	DFP	5/13/2016
<b>CCG4</b>	CYPD4126	1090040	Notebook, Desktop	DRP	7/12/2018
	CYPD4136	1090044	Notebook, Desktop	DRP	7/12/2018
	CYPD4225	1098024	Notebook, Desktop	DRP	2/12/2016

# Certified EZ-PD Applications (cont.)

EZ-PD Product	Part Number	Test ID (TID)	Application	Function	Date
<b>CCG4M</b>	CYPD4255	1099030	Notebook, Desktop	DRP	5/13/2016
<b>CCG5</b>	CYPD5125	1071049	Notebook, Desktop	DRP	3/21/2018
	CYPD5225	1030056, 1070049, 1080040	Notebook, Desktop	DRP	5/24/2017, 2/16/2018
	CYPD5235	1072049	Dock (Upstream port)	DRP	4/19/2018
	CYPD5236	1073049	Dock (Downstream port)	DRP	4/19/2018
<b>CCG3PA</b>	CYPD3171	1040045	Power Bank	DRP	9/15/2017
	CYPD3174	1050039	Opto-coupler based Adapter	DFP	9/15/2017
	CYPD3174	1060036	Opto-coupler based Adapter (PPS)	DFP	1/10/2018
	CYPD3175	1040032	Direct feedback-based Adapter	DFP	9/15/2017
	CYPD3175	1060037	Direct feedback-based Adapter (PPS)	DFP	1/10/2018
<b>CCG5C</b>	CYPD5126	1101032	Notebook, Desktop	DRP	8/31/2018
<b>CCG6</b>	CYPD6125	1100033	Notebook, Desktop	DRP	8/31/2018
<b>CMG1</b>	CYPD2703	1000177	PD 3.0 Cable	EMCA	6/28/2018
	CYPD2704	1000178	PD 3.0 Cable	EMCA	6/28/2018
CCG3PA Auto	CYPD3196	24	Auto Car charger	DFP	10/08/2018



# Certified Customer Products with Cypress CCG3PA

Customer/ Partner	Part Number	Test ID (TID)	Application	Wattage	Date
Communications	CYPD3175-24LQXQ	1080029	PD3.0 + PPS Car Charger	27W	4/27/2018
	CYPD3174-24LQXQ	1080032	PD3.0 + PPS Wall Charger	27W	4/27/2018
	CYPD3174-24LQXQ	1080026	PD3.0 + PPS Wall Charger	27W	4/27/2018
	CYPD3175-24LQXQ	1080022	PD3.0 + PPS Car Charger	45W	4/27/2018
	CYPD3175-24LQXQ	1080020	PD3.0 + PPS Wall Charger	27W	4/27/2018
	CYPD3174-24LQXQ	1080062	PD3.0 Wall Charger	18W	4/27/2018
	CYPD3175-24LQXQ	1080028	PD3.0 Charging Station	35W	4/27/2018
	CYPD3174-16SXQ	1080053	PD3.0 + PPS Wall Charger	27W	4/27/2018
	CYPD3171-24LQXQ	1080006	PD3.0 Power Bank	18W	4/27/2018
	CYPD3174-24LQXQ	1080011	PD3.0 + PPS Wall Charger	27W	4/27/2018
	CYPD3174-24LQXQ	1090049	PD3.0 Wall Charger	36W	7/12/2018
	CYPD3174-24LQXQ	1090071	PD3.0 Charging Station	60W	7/12/2018
	CYPD3174-24LQXQ	1090050	PD3.0 Car Charger	36W	7/12/2018



# Certified Customer Products with Cypress CCG3PA (cont.)

Customer/ Partner	Part Number	Test ID (TID)	Application	Wattage	Date
	CYPD3174-24LQXQ	1090018	PD3.0 + PPS Travel Charger	27W	7/12/2018
	CYPD3171-24LQXQ	1090019	PD3.0 Power Bank	45W	7/12/2018
	CYPD3174-24LQXQ	1100028	PD3.0 + PPS Wall Charger	18W	8/31/2018
	CYPD3174-24LQXQ	1100030	PD3.0 + PPS Car Charger	47W	8/31/2018
	CYPD3174-24LQXQ	1100018	PD3.0 Travel Charger	84W	8/31/2018

# Cypress USB-C Solutions Are Trusted by Leading OEMs/ODMs

## Computing



## Mobile



## Consumer & Enterprise



## Cables and Adapters



# USB Portfolio

	Device	Hub	Bridge	Storage	Type-C	
USB 3.1	<b>CYUSB301x FX3</b> 32-Bit Bus to USB 3.1 Gen 1 ARM9, 512KB RAM	<b>CYUSB33xx HX3</b> USB 3.1 Gen 1, Shared Link™ <sup>1</sup> BC 1.2 <sup>2</sup> , Ghost Charge™ <sup>3</sup>	<b>CYUSB306x CX3</b> CSI-2 <sup>4</sup> to USB 3.1 Gen 1 4 CSI-2 <sup>4</sup> Lanes, 1 Gbps/Lane	<b>CYUSB303x FX3S</b> 16-Bit Bus to USB 3.1 Gen 1 RAID <sup>5</sup> , Dual SDXC <sup>6</sup> /eMMC <sup>7</sup>	<b>CYPD1xxx CCG1</b> USB Type-C Port Controller 1 PD Port, 5 Profiles, 100 W	<b>CYPD317x CCG3PA</b> USB Type-C Port Controller 30V, PPS, QC4, 64KB Flash
	<b>FX3Gen2</b> USB 3.1 Gen 2 Peripheral Controller <b>Contact Sales</b>	<b>CYUSB333x HX3C</b> 4 Ports: 1 Type-C, 3 Type-A USB PD, Billboard, BC1.2 <sup>2</sup>	<b>CYUSB361x GX3</b> USB 3.1 Gen 1 to GigE Energy Efficient Ethernet	<b>CYUSB302x SD3</b> USB 3.1 Gen 1 SD Reader SDXC <sup>6</sup> /eMMC <sup>7</sup> , RAID <sup>5</sup>	<b>CYPD2xxx CCG2</b> USB Type-C Cable Controller 1 PD Port, Termination, ESD	<b>CYPDC118x CCG3PA2</b> USB Type-C Port Controller 30V, PPS, QC4, 128KB Flash
		<b>NEW</b> <b>CYUSB43xx HX3PD</b> <b>Q119</b> USB 3.1 Gen 2 Type-C Hub 7 Ports, PD, Billboard, 10 Gbps			<b>CYPD3xxx CCG3</b> USB Type-C Port Controller 20-V, Crypto, Billboard	<b>NEW</b> <b>CYPD27xx CMG1</b> <b>Q418</b> USB Type-C EMCA Controller PD 3.0, V <sub>BUS</sub> short protection
USB 2.0	<b>CY7C6801x/53 FX2LP</b> 16-Bit Bus to USB 2.0 8051, 16KB RAM	<b>CY7C656x4 HX2VL</b> 4 Ports 4 Transaction Translators	<b>CY7C6803x/3xx NX2LP/AT2LP</b> NAND Flash/PATA to USB 2.0 8051	<b>CYWB0x2xABS Arroyo™, Astoria™</b> 16-Bit Bus to USB 2.0 8051, Dual SD/eMMC <sup>7</sup>	<b>CYPD4xxx CCG4/CCG4M</b> USB Type-C Port Controller 2 PD Ports, 128KB Flash, Mux	<b>NEW</b> <b>CCG6</b> <b>Q119</b> USB Type-C Port Controller 1 PD Port, 128KB Flash, TBT <b>Contact Sales</b>
	<b>CYUSB201x FX2G2</b> 32-Bit Bus to USB 2.0 ARM9 512KB RAM	<b>CY7C656x1 HX2LP</b> 4 Ports, Industrial Grade 1 Transaction Translator		<b>CYWB016xBB Bay™</b> HS USB OTG Dual SDXC <sup>6</sup> /eMMC <sup>7</sup>	<b>CYPD5xxx CCG5/CCG5C</b> USB Type-C Port Controller 2 PD Ports, 25V CC/SBU	<b>NEW</b> <b>CYPD612x CCG6F</b> <b>Q418</b> USB Type-C Port Controller 1 PD Port, Load S/W FET, TBT
				<b>Host</b>		<b>NEW</b> <b>CYPD3177 BCR</b> <b>Q119</b> USB Type-C UFP Controller 5 PDOs, V <sub>BUS</sub> short protection
USB 1.1	<b>CY7C638xx/64215/643xx enCoRe™ II/III/V</b> M8C MCU, GPIOs SPI, Flash		<b>CY7C6521x USB-Serial</b> UART/SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C to USB 2 Channels, CapSense®	<b>SL811HS</b> FS USB Host/Device 256Byte RAM		<b>NEW</b> <b>CYPAS1xx PAG1S</b> <b>Q119</b> Secondary-side Controller 1 PD Port, SR, PWM, PPS
	<b>CY7C65210/7 USB Billboard</b> ARM Cortex M0 1 or 2 UART/SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C channels		<b>CY7C65213 USB-to-UART (Gen 2)</b> 3 Mbps, 8 GPIOs	<b>CY7C67300/200 EZ-Host/EZ-OTG™</b> 4/2 Ports, FS USB OTG GPIOs		<b>NEW</b> <b>CYPAP1xx PAG1P</b> <b>Q119</b> Primary-side Start-up Controller 90 – 264V

<sup>1</sup> Simultaneous USB 2.0 and SuperSpeed traffic on the same port

<sup>2</sup> Battery Charging specification v1.2

<sup>3</sup> Enables USB charging without host connection

<sup>4</sup> Camera Serial Interface v2.0

<sup>5</sup> Redundant array of independent disks

<sup>6</sup> SD extended capacity

<sup>7</sup> Embedded Multimedia Card

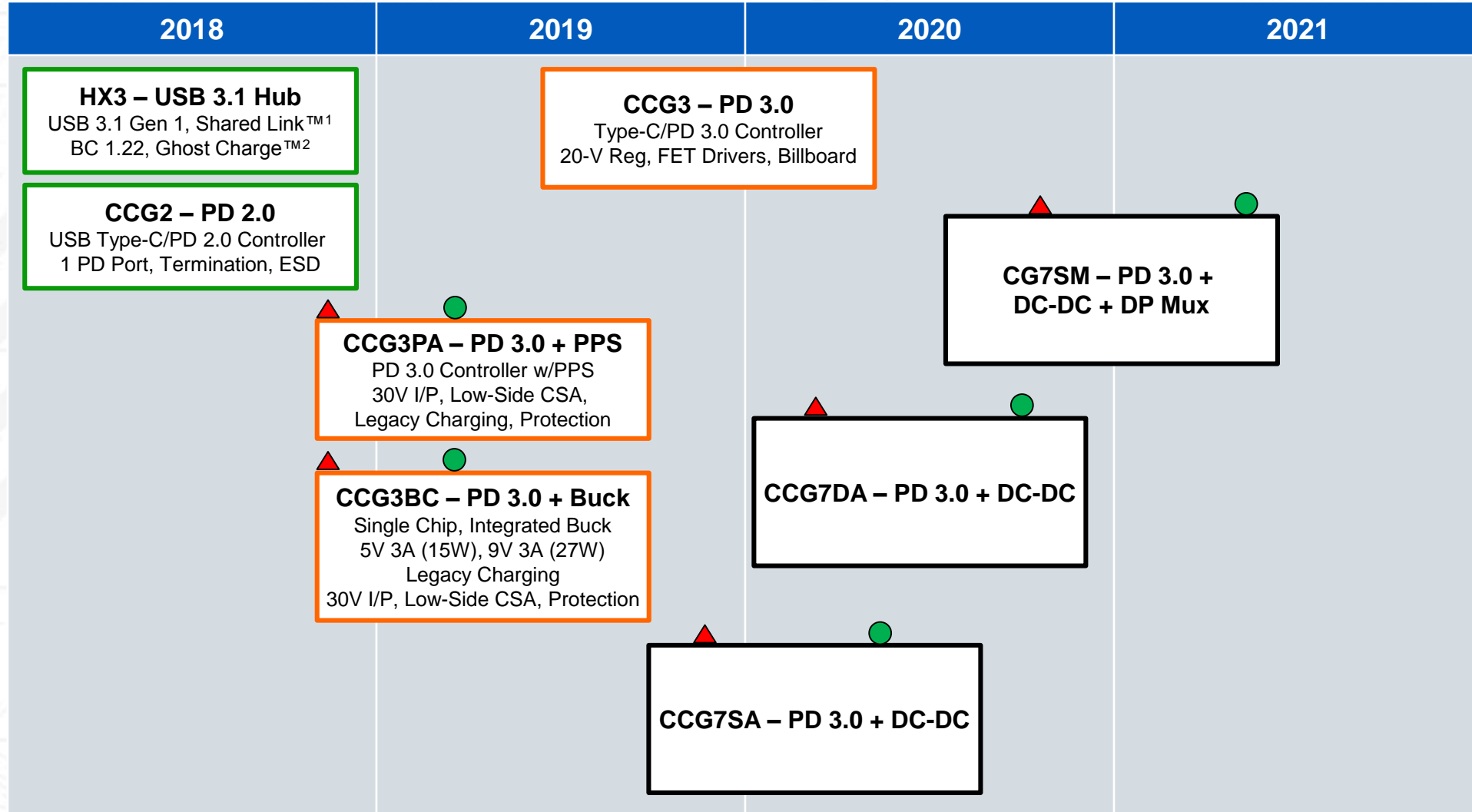
Status Availability

Concept  
 Development  
 Sampling  
 Production

Availability  
  
 QQYY  
 QQYY



# USB Auto Portfolio



<sup>1</sup> Simultaneous USB 2.0 and SuperSpeed traffic on the same port

<sup>2</sup> Enables USB charging without host connection

▲ Samples  
● Production

Status  
Availability

Concept    Dev    Samp    Prod

□    □    □    □

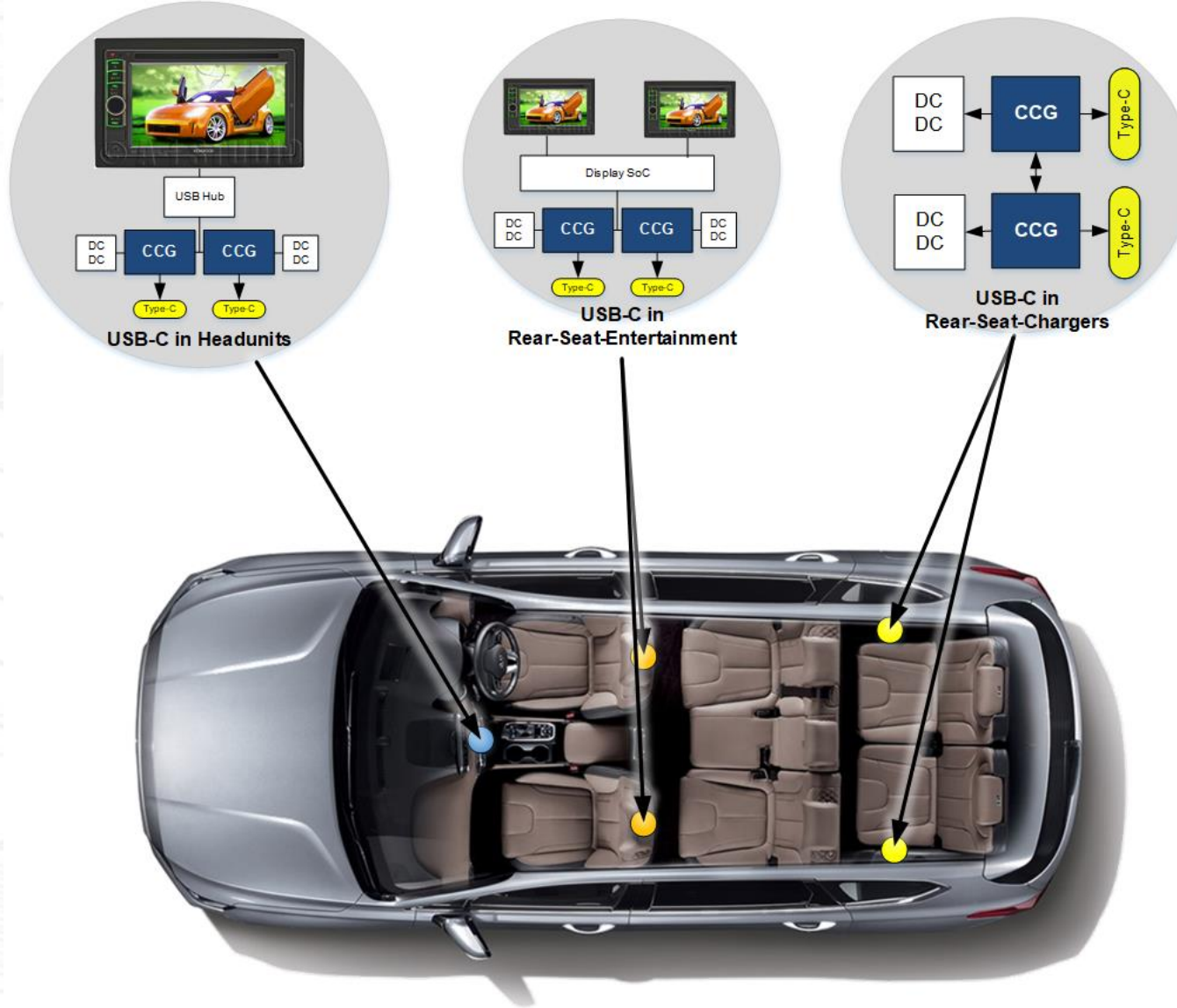
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# USB-C and Power Delivery in Automotive



- **Head Units:**
  - Interface to multi-Media Hubs
  - Cable compensation for pig-tail cables
- **Rear-Seat Entertainment Systems:**
  - Support Alternate Mode functionality
  - Implement USB Billboard Device Class
- **Rear-Seat Chargers:**
  - Standalone Operation
  - Load-Sharing and Thermal Sensing
- **Programmable PD Controller:**
  - Highly Integrated Standalone Controller
  - Single-chip solution for Type-C and Type-A
  - Dynamic Load Sharing between ports
  - Dynamic Cable Compensation
  - Temperature-based power throttling
  - Interface to Multi-Media USB Hubs
  - Alternate Mode support for rear seat systems
  - Support for Legacy Charging Standards
  - Flash upgradability



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# EZ-PD USB-C CMG1

CMG1 = Cable Marker Gen1

CMG1 Delivers a Cost-Effective Solution  
With  $V_{BUS}$  Short Protection for USB-C EMCA





# Statement of Objectives

- **Ensure that customers understand the following:**

- CMG1 is a dedicated USB-C1 electronically marked cable assembly (EMCA)<sup>2</sup> controller for USB-C passive cables
- CMG1 integrates a USB-C transceiver<sup>3</sup>,  $V_{BUS}$ <sup>4</sup>-to-configuration channel (CC)<sup>5</sup> short protection,  $V_{BUS}$ -to- $V_{CONN}$ <sup>6</sup> short protection, and electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection
- CMG1 supports Power Delivery (PD) 3.0 and USB Type-C 1.3 specifications'  $V_{CONN}$  requirement (3.0–5.5 V)
- CMG1 offers 32 bytes of storage for vendor- and cable-specific configuration data

- **Simple, declarative statement:**

- CMG1 is a USB-C EMCA controller that supports PD 3.0, USB Type-C 1.3 and integrates  $V_{BUS}$ -to-CC and  $V_{BUS}$ -to- $V_{CONN}$  short protection

- **Non-ToA Concepts:**

- **CMG1:** A single-chip USB-C controller for EMCA passive cables (What we sell)
- **Multiple discrete components:** Buck-boost regulator,  $V_{BUS}$ -to-CC and  $V_{BUS}$ -to- $V_{CONN}$  short protection, and ESD protection (What our competitors sell)
- **An integrated Type-C solution:** A single-chip USB-C solution that supports the latest PD and Type-C standards and offers 32-byte storage for vendor- and cable-specific configuration data (What customers want)

<sup>1</sup> A new standard with a slimmer and reversible USB plug, a reversible cable, protocol support and 100-W PD

<sup>2</sup> A USB cable with an IC that reports cable characteristics (e.g., current rating) to the Type-C ports

<sup>3</sup> A combined transmitter and receiver

<sup>4</sup> USB-C bus wire used for system power, 5–20 V on 100-W USB-PD systems

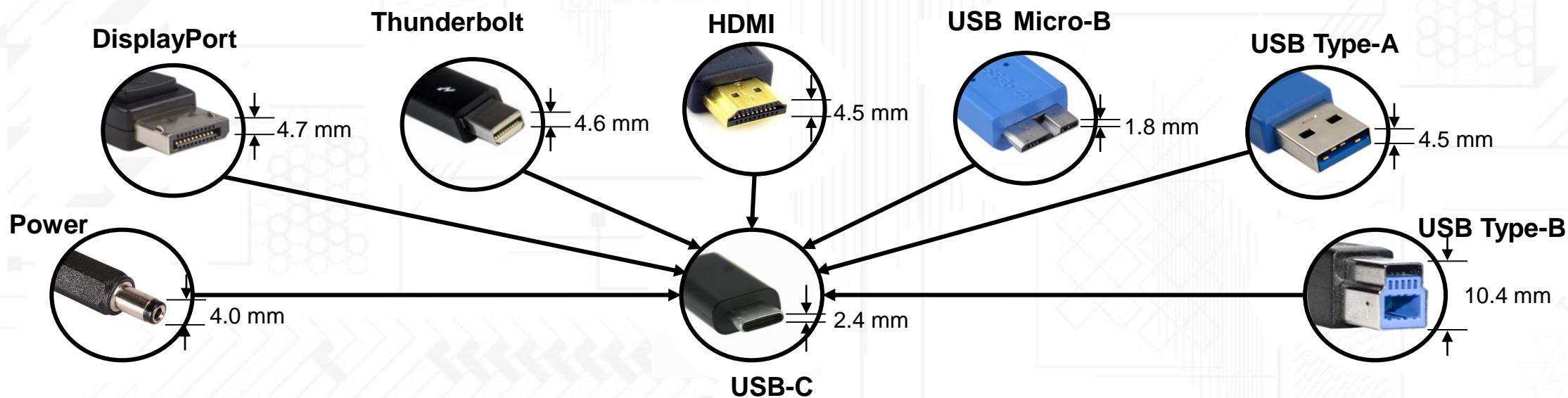
<sup>5</sup> USB-C bus wire used to carry the PD protocol signals

<sup>6</sup> USB Type-C bus wire used to power the controller in the EMCA

# USB-C: Single-Wired Connector

- **USB-C\*** is the new **USB-IF<sup>1</sup>** standard that enables:

- Slim industrial design with a 2.4-mm plug height
- Reversible plug orientation and cable direction
- Transport of USB data along with either DisplayPort, HDMI or Thunderbolt signals on the same connector
- Easy implementation of low-cost **power delivery (PD)** up to 100 W



**USB-C is the new, slimmer, all-in-one, 100-W connector**

\*Linked terms are defined in the [Glossary](#)

<sup>1</sup> The USB Implementers Forum creates and maintains USB specifications



# USB-C Controllers: \$1.35B Market by 2022

- The USB-C controller market is projected to grow from \$459M in 2017 to \$1.35B in 2022 at a CAGR<sup>1</sup> of 24%
  - The USB-C port is universal: it is slimmer, reversible, handles multiple protocols, and supports up to 100-W PD
  - Every PD-capable, multiple-protocol USB-C port requires a dedicated controller
- This fast-growing market requires a USB-IF certified solution that:
  - Marks cables electronically ([EMCA](#)) with a controller IC embedded in the cable plug to report the cable's characteristics
  - Multiplexes USB signals with Thunderbolt, HDMI, or DisplayPort signals on the same connector
  - Supports all PD profiles<sup>2</sup> up to 100 W, for notebooks, tablets, monitors, USB cables, and power adapters
- Cypress has been a leading supplier in every generation of USB technology: USB 1.1/2.0/3.0 and USB PD

## Cypress CCGx Design Wins



Eliteone All-In-One PC  
by HP



Elitebook Notebook PC  
by HP



Elitedesk Desktop PC  
by HP



USB-C Cable  
by Belkin



Type-C to HDMI Dongle  
by Lenovo

Accelerate your USB-C design with Cypress' CCGx Type-C port controllers

<sup>1</sup> Gartner 2015 and Cypress estimates

<sup>2</sup> A USB-IF specified combination of voltage and current ratings that define the power provided

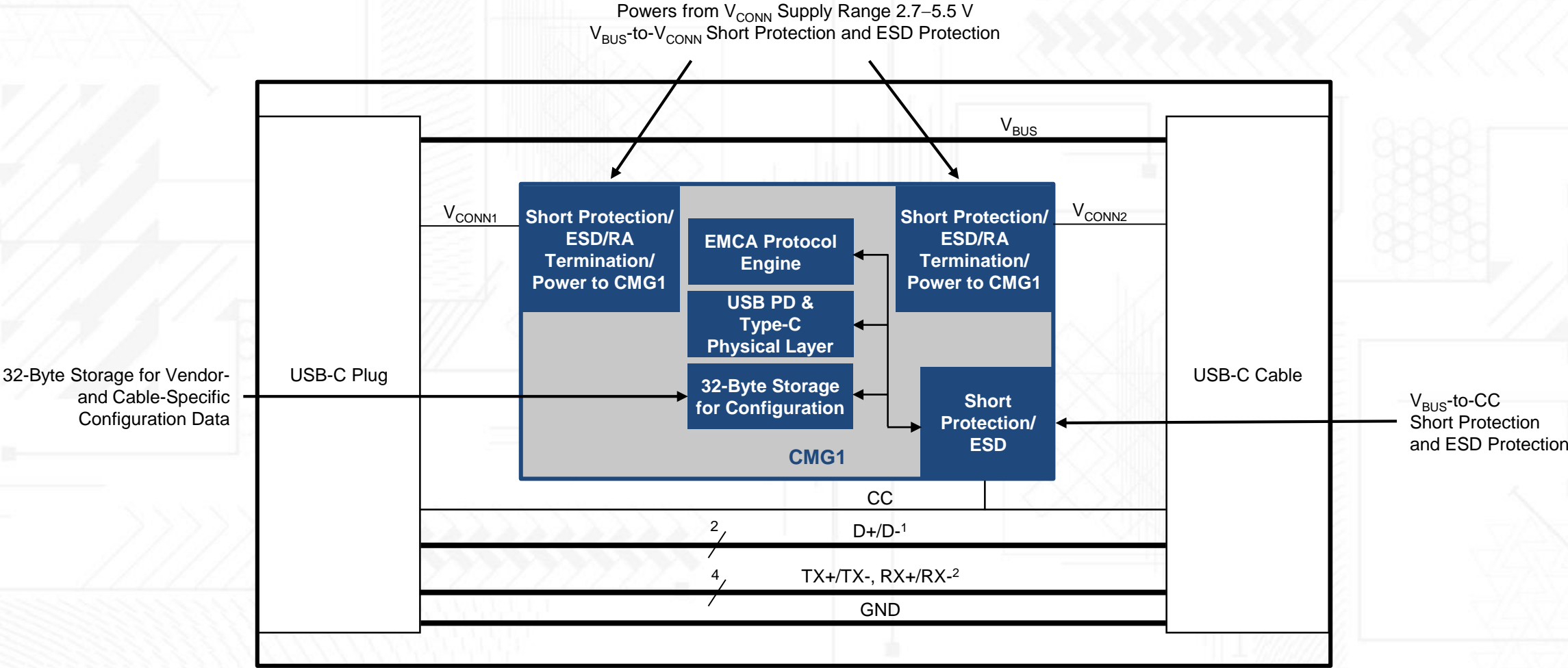
# Design Problems Engineers Face

- **Integrating latest power delivery specifications and USB connectors can be complex**
  - Existing controllers for EMCAs do not support latest USB PD 3.0 and Type-C 1.3 specification
- **USB Type-C 1.3 specification requires a  $V_{\text{CONN}}$  operation range of 3.0–5.5 V**
  - Need to power the USB-C cable with a single-cell, battery-operated system without voltage boost
- **Existing EMCA solutions require large cable assemblies**
  - Additional BOM is required to provide  $V_{\text{BUS-to-CC}}$  and  $V_{\text{BUS-to-}V_{\text{CONN}}}$  short protection and electrostatic discharge (ESD), creating a larger footprint
- **Cypress' CMG1 solves these problems, providing:**
  - A low-cost, integrated USB-C transceiver with both USB PD 3.0 and Type-C 1.3 specification support
  - Operation from 2.7–5.5-V  $V_{\text{CONN}}$  supply range
  - Small footprint (9-ball WLCSP package) with  $V_{\text{BUS-to-CC}}$  and  $V_{\text{BUS-to-}V_{\text{CONN}}}$  short and ESD protection

**Cypress' CMG1 is a cost-effective, small-footprint, fully compliant USB-C EMCA solution that reduces BOM**

# CMG1 Simplifies EMCA System Design with BOM Integration

USB-C EMCA Paddle Card Block Diagram Using CMG1



<sup>1</sup> USB Type-C bus wires used to transmit and receive USB 2.0 data  
<sup>2</sup> USB Type-C bus wires used to transmit and receive USB 3.0 and PCIe or DisplayPort data

# Fit Questions

- **Do your customers fit any of the following criteria?**
  - Do they design products that could benefit from combining power and USB connectors into a single connector?
  - Do they design USB-C EMCA cables that need to support **PD 3.0 and USB Type-C 1.3**
  - Do they design USB-C EMCA cables that need to support  **$V_{\text{CONN}}$  requirement of 3.0–5.5-V?**
  - Do they design USB-C EMCA cables that need  **$V_{\text{BUS}}$ -to-CC short protection?**
  - Do they design USB-C EMCA cables that need  **$V_{\text{BUS}}$ -to- $V_{\text{CONN}}$  short protection?**



# CMG1: USB-C Passive EMCA Controller

## Applications

USB-C EMCA

## Features

- USB-C PD Controller, PD 3.0 Transceiver
- $V_{BUS}$ -to-CC Short Protection
- $V_{BUS}$ -to- $V_{CONN}$  Short Protection
- Power from  $V_{CONN}$  Range 3.0–5.5-V
- Termination Resistor  $R_A$
- Supports  $R_A$  Weakening to Reduce Power Consumption
- Configurable 32-byte Storage for Configuration Over Type-C Interface
- Integrated Oscillator Eliminating the Need for External Clock
- Power Operation
  - 2.7–5.5-V operation ( $V_{CONN}$  pin)
  - Active: 7.5 mA
  - Sleep: 1 mA
- System-Level ESD on CC,  $V_{CONN}$  Pins
  - $\pm 8$ -kV contact,  $\pm 15$ -kV Air Gap IEC61000-4-2 level 4C
- Packages
  - 9-ball WLCSP (1.95 mm<sup>2</sup>)
  - Supports industrial temperature range (-40°C to +85°C)

## Collateral

Preliminary Datasheet: [CMG1 Datasheet](#)

## CMG1: Passive EMCA Controller

### USB PD Subsystem

$V_{BUS}$ -to-CC  
Short Protection

$V_{BUS}$ -to- $V_{CONN1}$   
Short Protection,  
 $R_A$

$V_{BUS}$ -to- $V_{CONN2}$   
Short Protection,  
 $R_A$

USB PD & Type-C PHY

EMCA Protocol Engine

### Storage

32-Byte Storage for  
Configuration

### System Resources

Oscillator

Reset

VREF

IREF

## Availability

MP now

# Getting Started

- Go to the [CMG1 product webpage](#) and download the passive EMCA reference design
  - Build the USB-C passive EMCA paddle card using the CMG1 reference design
- Download the [EZ-PD Configuration Utility](#) to configure vendor- and cable-specific configuration data in the CMG1 of your USB-C cable

## Cypress' EZ-PD Configuration Utility

File Tools Help

Start Page

**CYPRESS'S USB TYPE-C SOLUTIONS**

USB Type-C is the new USB-IF standard that solves several challenges faced while using today's Type-A and Type-B cables and connectors. USB Type-C uses a slimmer connector - measuring only 2.4-mm in height - to allow for increasing miniaturization of consumer and industrial products. The USB Type-C standard is gaining rapid support by enabling small form-factor, easy-to-use connectors and cables with the ability to transmit multiple protocols and offer power delivery up to 100 W. Cypress offers the EZ-PD™ family of USB Type-C controllers with an integrated Type-C transceiver and a programmable ARM® Cortex®-M0 core. These controllers help you bring Type-C compliant cables, cables, notebooks, tablets and monitors to market faster. More information on these devices can be found here: <http://www.cypress.com/Type-C/>

The EZ-PD Configuration Utility is a Windows application that allows users to configure the parameters of a Type-C device implemented using the Cypress EZ-PD™ controllers. The tool also allows firmware updates to be flashed onto the controller.

Diagram illustrating the USB Type-C Host Bridge (Cypress USB to Serial Bridge and Cypress Type-C DFP Controller) connected via I2C to the USB Type-C Device (Cypress Type-C UFP Controller). The device is connected via CC to the USB Type-C Cable (EMCA), which contains two Cypress Type-C EMCA Controller blocks.

# Getting Started

- Identify accounts that we can visit jointly
- Contact these customers with our scripted email
- Show them the CMG1 [product webpage](#) and [datasheet](#)
- Show them the USB-C passive EMCA paddle card [reference design](#)

# References and Links

- **CMG1**

- Web Page

[www.cypress.com/cm1](http://www.cypress.com/cm1)

- Datasheet

[www.cypress.com/cm1ds](http://www.cypress.com/cm1ds)

- Roadmap

[www.cypress.com/product-roadmaps/cypress-usb-controllers-roadmap](http://www.cypress.com/product-roadmaps/cypress-usb-controllers-roadmap)

- Overview

[www.cypress.com/documentation/product-overviews/ez-pd-cm1-product-overview](http://www.cypress.com/documentation/product-overviews/ez-pd-cm1-product-overview)

- Knowledge Base Article

[www.cypress.com/CCGx\\_KBAs](http://www.cypress.com/CCGx_KBAs)

- **USB 3.1 Specification (including Type-C)**

- [www.usb.org/developers/docs](http://www.usb.org/developers/docs)

- **USB Power Delivery Specification**

- [www.usb.org/developers/powerdelivery](http://www.usb.org/developers/powerdelivery)





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# EZ-PD USB-C CCG3PA

CCG3PA = Type-C Controller Gen3 for Power Adapter

**Add PD 3.0 and QC 4.0 to Your Charger Ports**



# CCG3PA: USB-C and Power Delivery Port Controller

## Applications

USB Type-C PD-based Automotive Chargers

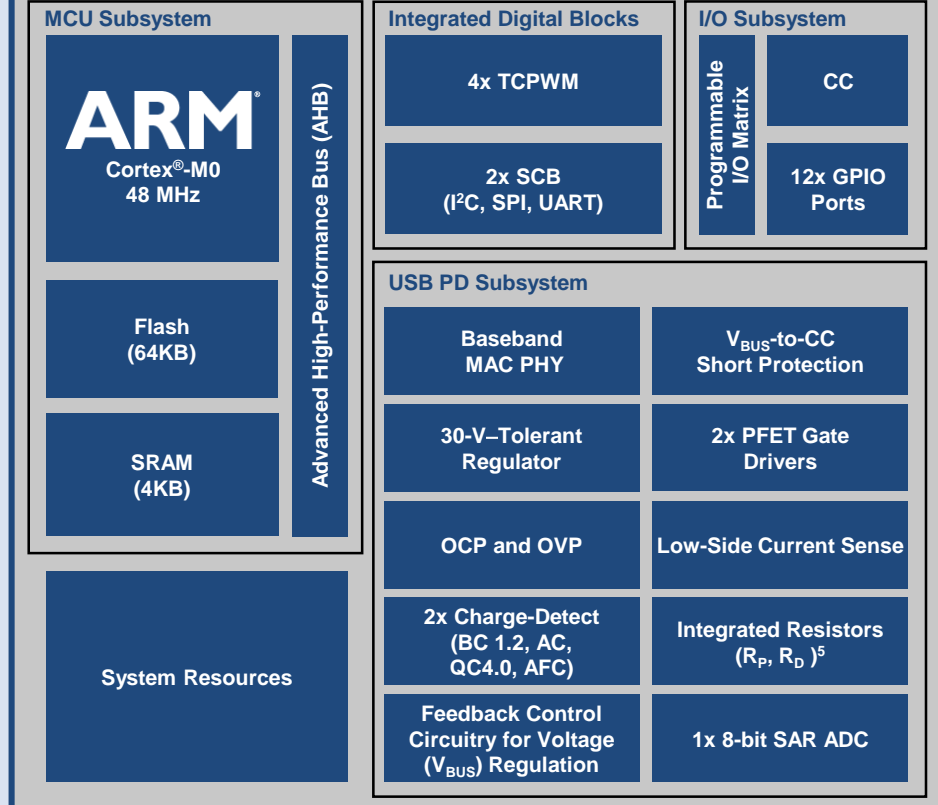
## Features

- **USB-C PD Controller, PD 3.0 Transceiver and Qualcomm QC 4.0**
- **$V_{BUS}$ -to-CC Short Protection**
- **Integrated High-Voltage 30-V-Tolerant LDO to Power CCG3PA**
- **Integrated Digital Blocks**
  - Four timer/counter/pulse-width modulator (TCPWM) blocks, 12x GPIOs
  - Two serial communication blocks (SCBs) for configurable master/slave I<sup>2</sup>C, SPI or UART
- **Integrated Analog Blocks**
  - Configurable  $V_{BUS}$  overvoltage protection (OVP) and overcurrent (OCP) protection
  - Integrated voltage regulation<sup>1</sup> with analog output and PFET gate drivers
  - Low-side current sense<sup>2</sup> capable of detecting 100mA change
  - Two legacy charge-detect block (BC 1.2, Apple Charging 2.4A, QC 4.0 and Samsung AFC<sup>3</sup>)
- **ARM® Cortex®-M0 with MCU Subsystem and 64KB Flash**
- **Low-Power Operation**
  - High-voltage (3–30 V, 30 V maximum)  $V_{BUS}$  voltage inputs
  - Sleep: 3 mA; Deep Sleep: 30  $\mu$ A with wake-on-CC
- **System-Level ESD on CC, Dp / Dn<sup>4</sup> and  $V_{BUS}$  Pins**
  - $\pm 8$ -kV contact,  $\pm 15$ -kV Air Gap IEC61000-4-2 level 4C
- **Packages**
  - 24 QFN (Industrial), 24 QFN (Automotive) AEC-Q100 Grade-S

## Collateral

**Preliminary Datasheet:** [CCG3PA Datasheet](#)

## CCG3PA: USB-C Cable Controller



## Availability

**Production:** Now

**Samples:** Q4 2018 (Auto)

**Production:** Q1 2019 (Auto)

<sup>1</sup> Analog feedback control circuit to regulate  $V_{BUS}$

<sup>3</sup> Adaptive Fast Charging

<sup>2</sup> Circuit to measure the current flowing on the  $V_{BUS}$

<sup>4</sup> USB-C bus wires used to transmit and receive USB 2.0 data

<sup>5</sup> Termination resistors:  $R_P$  read as a DFP,  $R_D$  as a UFP

# CCG3PA Reference Design Partners



	DIODES	power integrations	MPS	SOUTHCHIP	active-semi	Navitas
<b>Mobile Charger</b> 33-W PD 3.0 + QC 4.0	✓	✓	✓			✓
<b>Notebook Power Adapter</b> 45-W/60-W PD 3.0			✓			
<b>Power Bank</b>			✓	✓		
<b>60-W Car Charger</b>			✓	✓	✓	



# Getting Started

## ■ CCG3PA Evaluation Kit provides:

- Support for power adapters/chargers and power banks
- One Type-C source or sink port and Type-A source port
- Support for USB PD 3.0 with PPS support
- Support for QC 4.0, BC 1.2, Apple Charging 2.4A and Samsung AFC<sup>1</sup> charging protocols on Type-A port
- Support for 1-cell and 2-cell battery (power bank application)
- Charging for notebooks, mobile phones and USB-powered devices
- Firmware upgradeability

\$149 CCG3PA Evaluation Kit (CY4532)



<sup>1</sup> Adaptive Fast Charging





**CYPRESS**<sup>®</sup>  
EMBEDDED IN TOMORROW™

# EZ-PD™ CCG3PA 1C&1A Power Adapter Design Overview

Daniel Shen ([sxfs@cypress.com](mailto:sxfs@cypress.com))



# Training Agenda

CCG3PA Power Adapter/Charger Design Overview

1\*Type-C and 1\*Type-A Power Adapter Design with CCG3PA

Different Type of 1C/1A Power Adapter Design – I

Different Type of 1C/1A Power Adapter Design – II

Different Type of 1C/1A Power Adapter Design – III

Temperature Based Power Throttling & Thermal Shutdown

Demo: Modifying CCG3PA Firmware Using the EZ-PD CCG3PA SDK

Debug Skills in CCG3PA Design

Q & A

End of Training

# CCG3PA Power Adapter/Charger Design Overview

# CCG3PA: USB-C and Power Delivery Port Controller

## Applications

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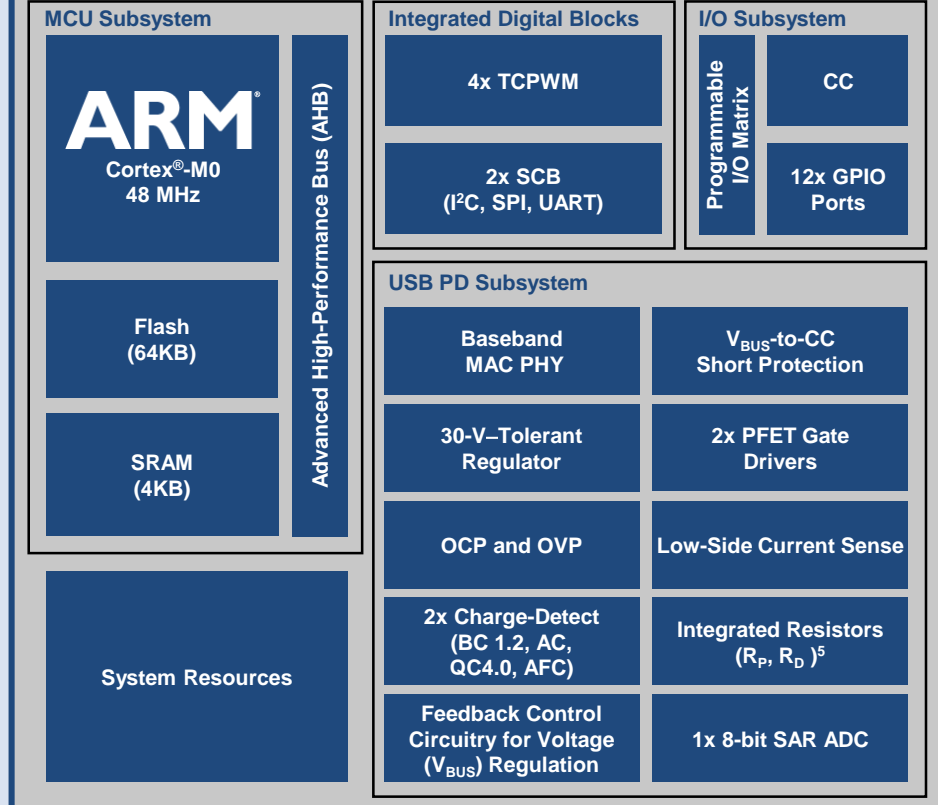
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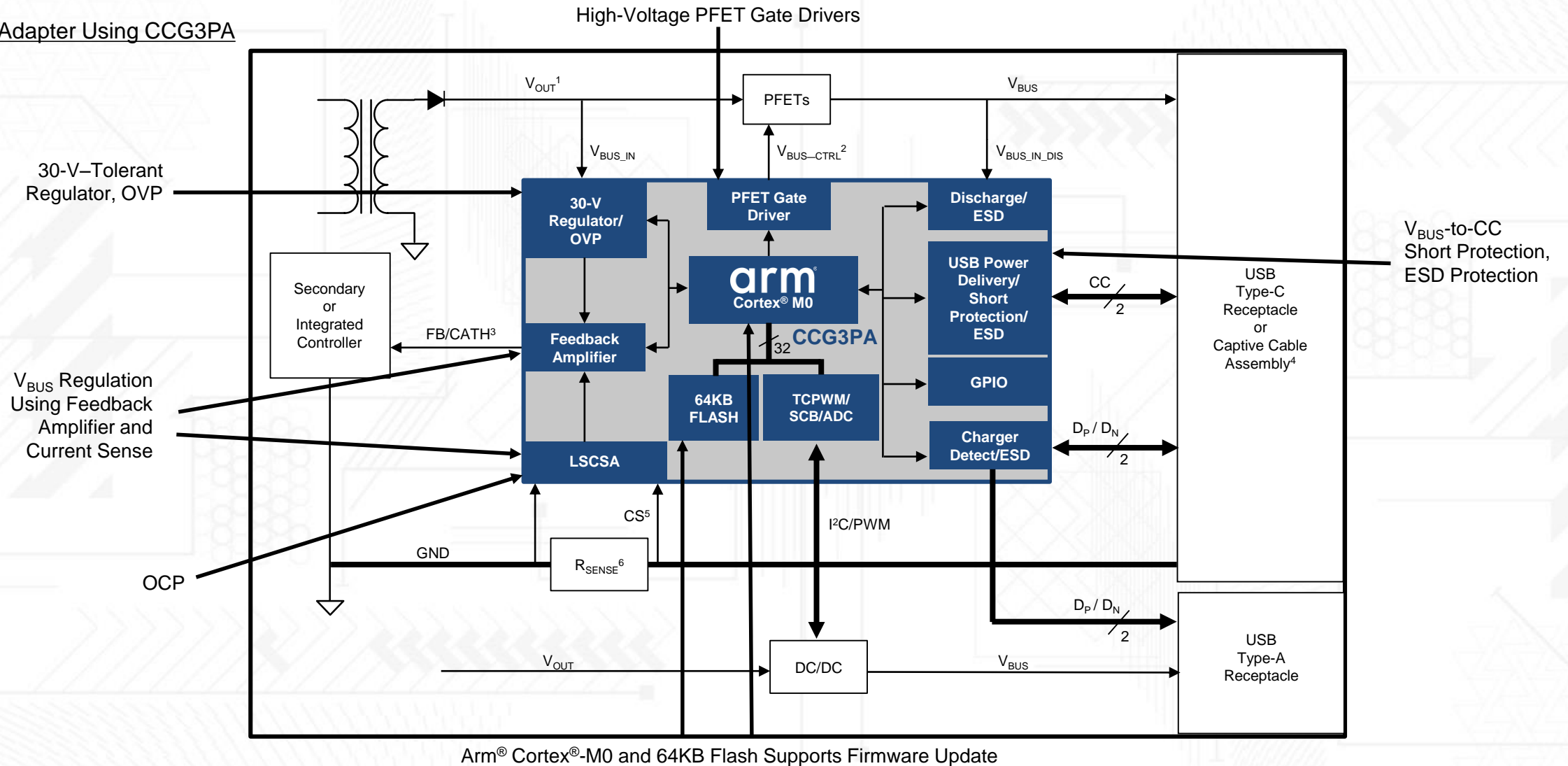
<sup>2</sup> Circuit to measure the current flowing on the  $V_{BUS}$

<sup>4</sup> USB-C bus wires used to transmit and receive USB 2.0 data



# CCG3PA Simplifies System Design with BOM Integration

Power Adapter Using CCG3PA



Arm® Cortex®-M0 and 64KB Flash Supports Firmware Update

<sup>1</sup> Output voltage of the AC-to-DC adapter

<sup>2</sup> Signal to control  $V_{BUS}$  load switch

<sup>3</sup> Output voltage selection using feedback control

<sup>4</sup> A cable permanently attached to the AC adapter

<sup>5</sup> Current-sensing input

<sup>6</sup> Resistor used to sense overcurrent

# CCG3PA Solution Example: Type-C Power Adapter/Mobile Charger

## CCG3PA Value

### Design Problems

- Power adapter/mobile charger must support latest standards
- Must be turnkey for ease-of-design
- Must be highly integrated to lower BOM cost
- Must be reprogrammable to keep up with USB-IF standards
- Industry standards demand low power for no-load conditions

### CCG3PA Solution

- Provides Type-C solution with Power Delivery 3.0 (PD 3.0) with programmable power supply support and Quick Charge 4.0 (QC 4.0)
- Includes an Arm® Cortex®-M0 and certified USB-PD stack
- Integrates voltage regulation, 30-V-tolerant regulator,  $V_{BUS}$ -to-CC short protection, high-voltage PFET gate driver, and ESD protection
- Supports field upgrades with free, fully compliant firmware
- Delivers low power: 30  $\mu$ A (Deep Sleep mode)

## Suggested Collateral

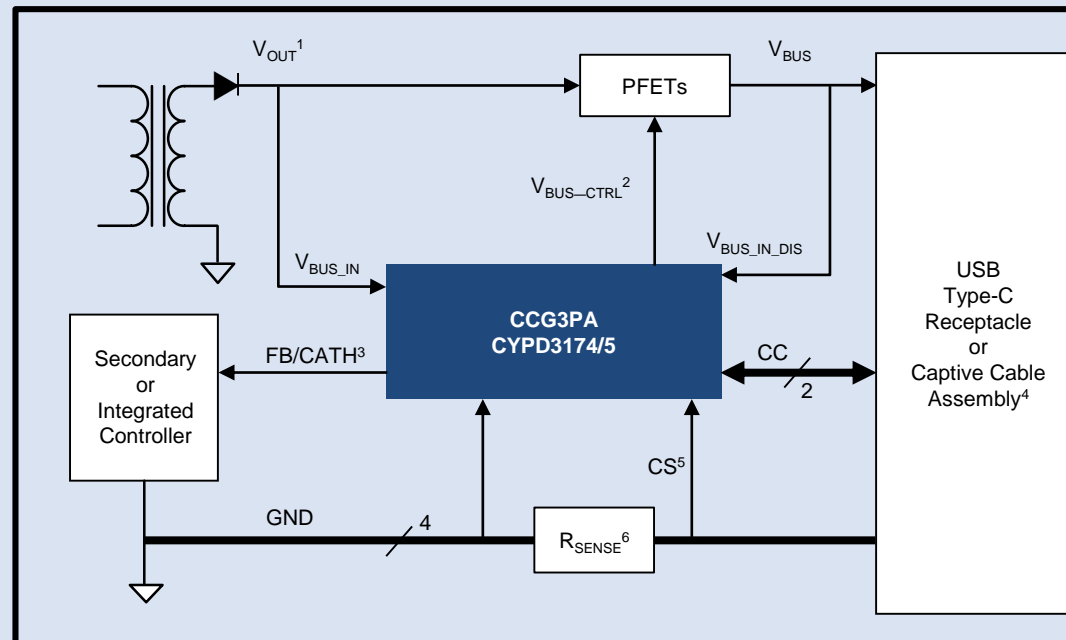
Webpages: [Type-C](#), [CCG3PA](#), and [Reference Design](#)

Datasheet: [CCG3PA Datasheet](#)

## How to Get Started

[Contact Sales](#) for CCG3PA Evaluation Board

## Type-C Power Adapter/Mobile Charger with CCG3PA



## New Smartphone Charger With USB-C Receptacle

CCG3PA supports QC 4.0 and PD 3.0 PPS,  
which are required for cellphone chargers



<sup>1</sup> Output voltage of the AC-to-DC adapter

<sup>2</sup> Signal to control  $V_{BUS}$  load switch

<sup>3</sup> Output voltage selection using feedback control

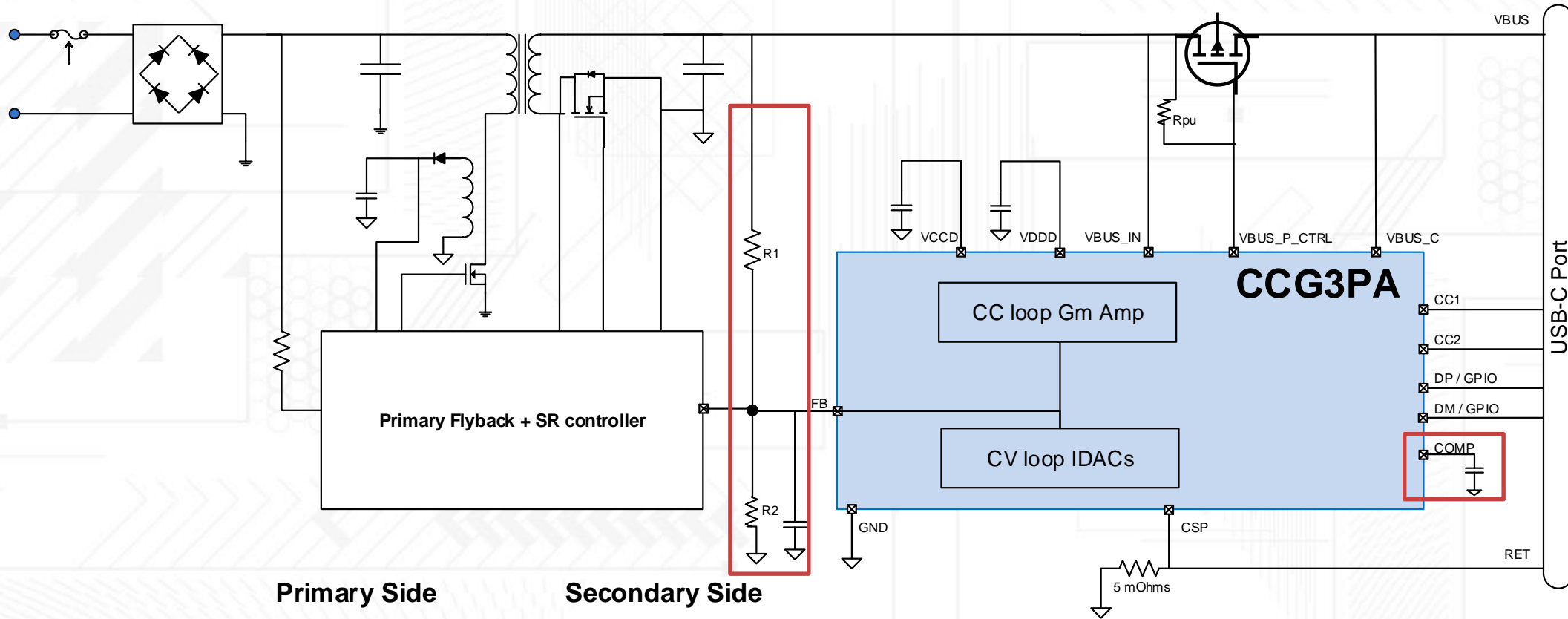
<sup>4</sup> A cable permanently attached to the AC adapter

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# Direct Feedback System

- In direct feedback system, CCG3PA provides feedback to the upstream power converter by modulating the current drawn on the Feedback (FB) pin.



# Direct Feedback System

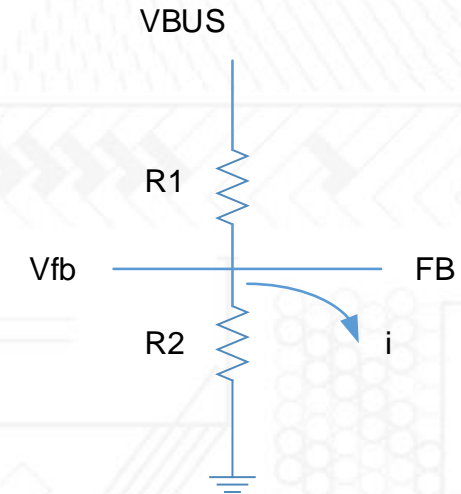
- The relationship between VBUS, feedback voltage and resistor dividers:

$$V_{fb} = \frac{VBUS - i * R_1}{R_1 + R_2} * R_2 \quad \Delta VBUS = i * R_1$$

- Key points to calculate feedback resistors R1 and R2

- The default VBUS voltage is dictated by external resistor dividers. External resistors R1 and R2 must be chosen such that at 5V VBUS, without CCG3PA sourcing or sinking any current on the FB pin, the voltage at the feedback node shall be the default feedback voltage expected by the power converter.
- The CV loop IDACs can sink up to 102.3  $\mu$ A of current and can source up to 12.7  $\mu$ A of current.
- Both the IDAC source and sink have a step size of 100 nA.
- VBUS output range (3.3V ~ 21V)
- Support Programmable Power Supply mode (20mV Step)

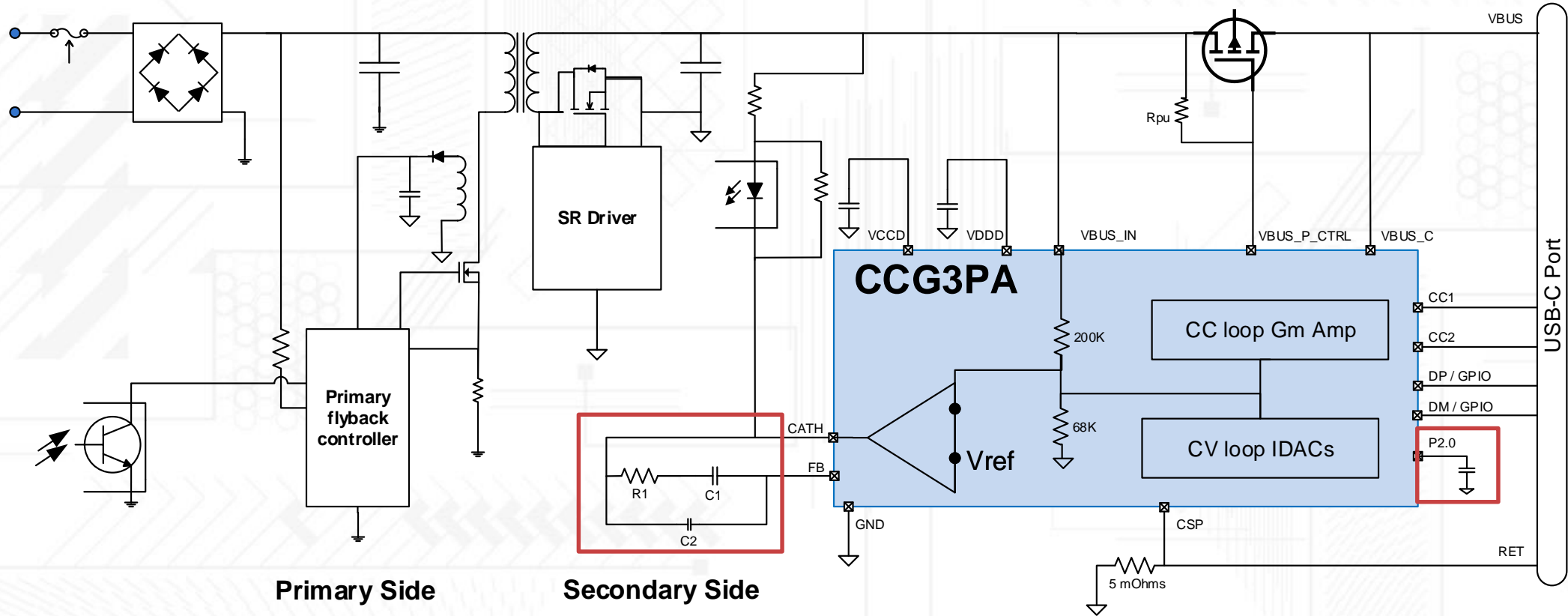
$$R_1 = 200k$$





# Opto Feedback System

- In opto feedback system, CCG3PA regulates VBUS by controlling the current drawn through the cathode (CATH) node.



# Type-C Reference Designs

- [Click Here](#) for all Type-C Reference Designs

Overview	USB PD 3.0	Features	Products	Kits	Reference Designs	Design Support	Videos	Presentations
Cypress has developed numerous Type-C reference designs using CCGx to help reduce your design cycle time, effort and risk. Each reference design has been built and tested.								
Applications	CCG1	CCG2	CCG3	CCG4	HX3C	CCG3PA	CMG1	
Electronically Marked Cable Assembly (EMCA)	Available	Available	-	-	-	-	Available	
Type-C to Legacy USB	Available	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Type-C to DisplayPort	Available	Available	Available	-	-	-	-	
Type-C to HDMI/VGA/DVI	Available	Available	Available	-	-	-	-	
Monitor/Dock	-	Available	-	Available	Available	-	-	
Charge-Through Dongle	-	-	Available	-	-	-	-	
18W Power Adapter	-	Available	-	-	-	-	-	
20W Power Adapter	-	Available	-	-	-	-	-	
24W Power Adapter	-	Available	-	-	-	-	-	
Car Charger	-	Available	-	-	-	Available (Southchip)	-	
	-	Available	-	-	-	Available (Active-Semi)	-	
Power Bank	-	Available	Available	-	-	Available (Southchip 18W)	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	Available (Southchip 45W)	-	
QC4.0 Cell Phone chargers 27W	-	-	-	-	-	Available (Power Integration)	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	Available (Diodes)	-	
Notebook Adapter 45W	-	-	-	-	-	Available (MPS)	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
HDMI over USB-C Alternate Mode	-	-	Available	-	-	-	-	

Please submit a case in the Online Tech Support Case System for any further information.

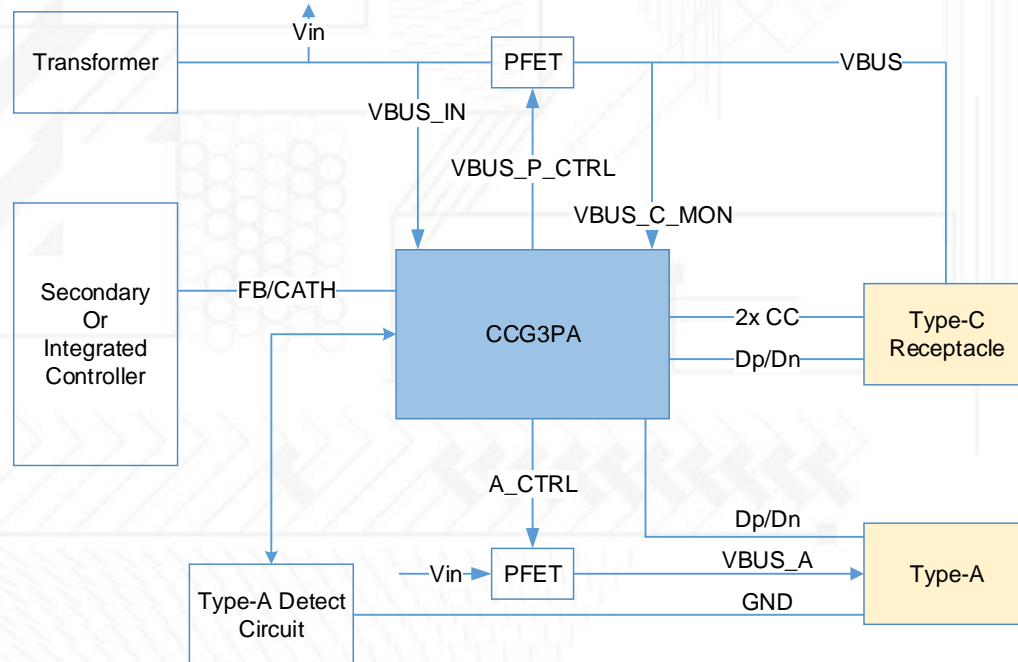
# 1\*Type-C and 1\*Type-A Power Adapter Design with CCG3PA

# Different Type of 1C/1A Power Adapter Design – I

## ■ Requirement

- Type-C port support PD 27W and legacy charging
- Type-A port support legacy charging 18W (Apple Charging, BC1.2, QC2.0, QC3.0, AFC etc.)
- If both Type-C and Type-A port are plugged in, only 5V could provide to two ports.

## ■ Block Diagram

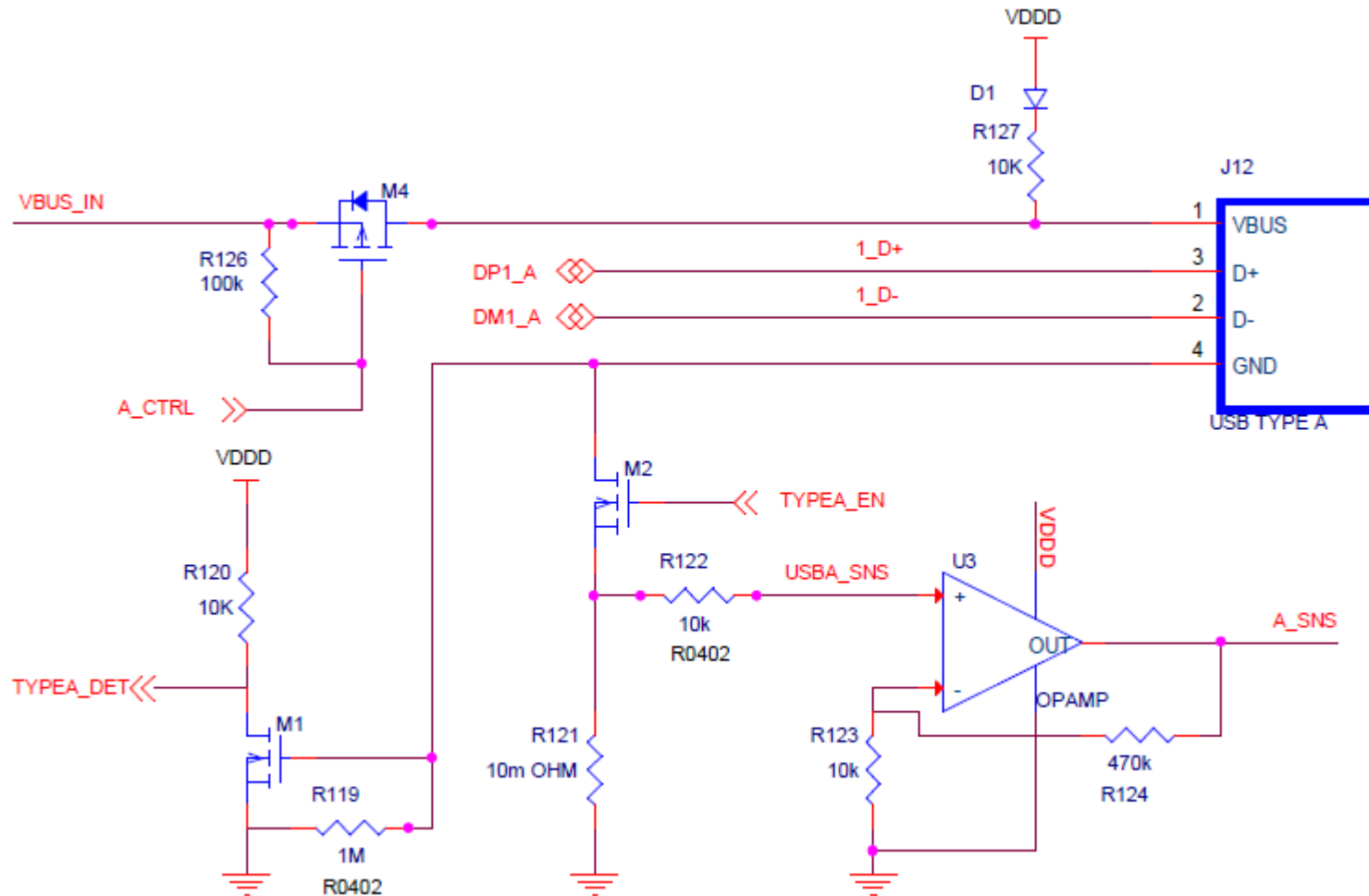


- Why need a PFET in  $V_{BUS\_A}$  path?
- What's the function of Type-A detect circuit?
- How to design a Type-A detect circuit?



# Different Type of 1C/1A Power Adapter Design – I

## ■ Type-A Detect Circuit



- Device plug in detect
- Device plug out detect

# Different Type of 1C/1A Power Adapter Design – I

## ▪ Control Logic for Type-C and Type-A Port

- If there is no device on Type-C port, enable Type-A output that A\_CTRL is low and TYPEA\_EN is high. A\_SNS is measured to get Type-A charging current value(cur\_a)
- If a device is plugged in on Type-C port
  - If  $cur\_a > cur\_a\_threshold$ , change Type-C source PDO is 5V@3A and change Type-A legacy charging is only BC1.2 and Apple Charging.
  - If  $cur\_a < cur\_a\_threshold$ , disable Type-A output that A\_CTRL is high and TYPEA\_EN is low. And change Type-C source PDO is 5V@3A and 9V@3A etc. Start to check TYPEA\_DET status to detect that device is plugged to Type-A port.
- If a device is plugged in on Type-A port
  - If Type-A output is already disabled and TYPEA\_DET is low, change Type-C source PDO is 5V@3A and change Type-A legacy charging is only BC1.2 and Apple Charging. Then enable Type-A output.

## ▪ Limitation

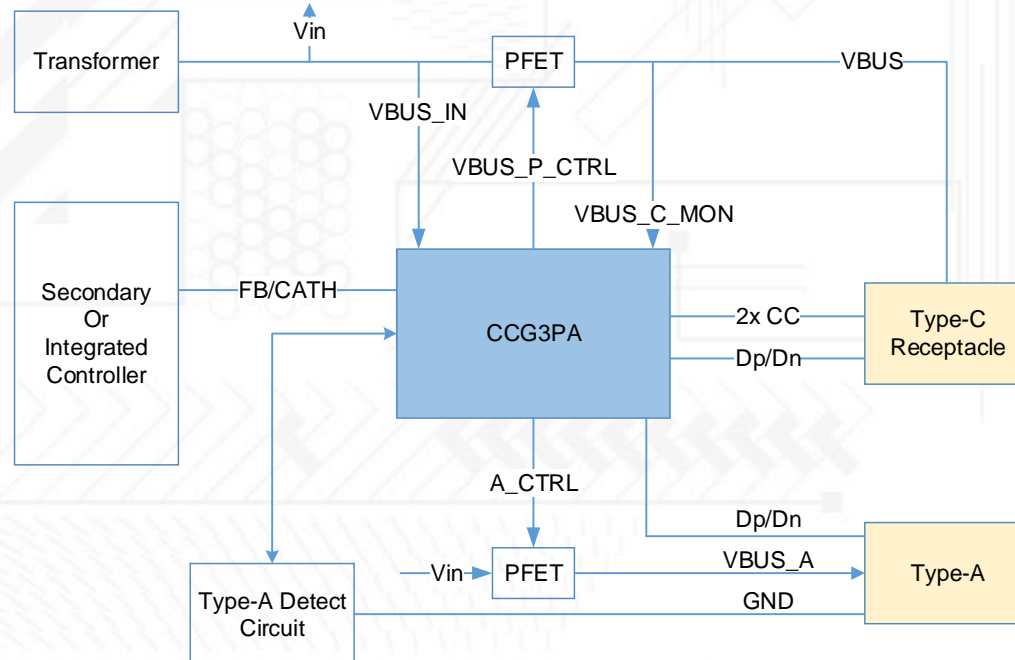
- If  $cur\_a < cur\_a\_threshold$ , Type-A port device is identified as detached. For some devices, it can't be fully charged.

# Different Type of 1C/1A Power Adapter Design – II

## ■ Requirement

- Type-C port support PD 45W and legacy charging
- Type-A port support legacy charging 18W (Apple Charging, BC1.2, QC2.0, QC3.0, AFC etc.)
- If both Type-C and Type-A port are plugged in, Type-C port support PD 27W and legacy charging and Type-A port still support legacy charging 18W

## ■ Block Diagram



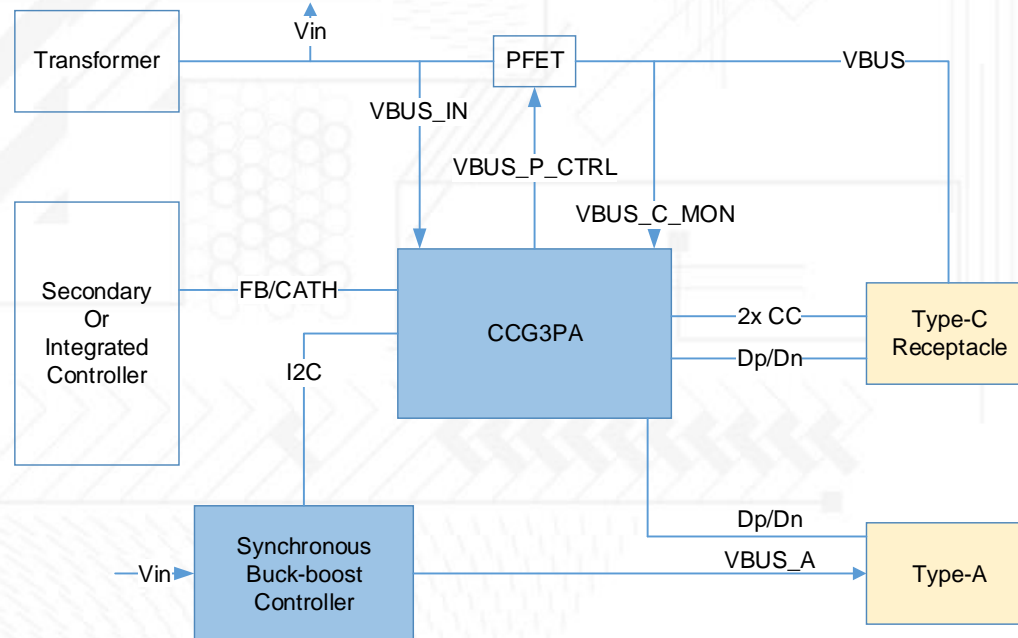
- Does it need a PFET in VBUS\_A path?
- What should be changed in the last design?  
(The block diagram is still Type I)

# Different Type of 1C/1A Power Adapter Design – II

## ■ Requirement

- Type-C port support PD 45W and legacy charging
- Type-A port support legacy charging 18W (Apple Charging, BC1.2, QC2.0, QC3.0, AFC etc.)
- If both Type-C and Type-A port are plugged in, Type-C port support PD 27W and legacy charging and Type-A port still support legacy charging 18W

## ■ Block Diagram



- How to detect that a device is plugged in?



# Different Type of 1C/1A Power Adapter Design – II

## ▪ Control Logic for Type-C and Type-A Port

- If there is no device on Type-C port, enable Type-A output and keep reading Type-A charging current value( $cur\_a$ ) by I2C.
- If a device is plugged in on Type-C port
  - If  $cur\_a > cur\_a\_threshold$ , change Type-C output power to be 27W. And limit input current of DC-DC based on Type-C output voltage.
  - If  $cur\_a < cur\_a\_threshold$ , change Type-C output power to be 45W. And keep reading Type-A charging current value( $cur\_a$ ) by I2C.
- If a device is plugged in on Type-A port
  - If a device is already plugged to Type-C port and  $cur\_a > cur\_a\_threshold$ , change Type-C output power to be 27W.

## ▪ Limitation

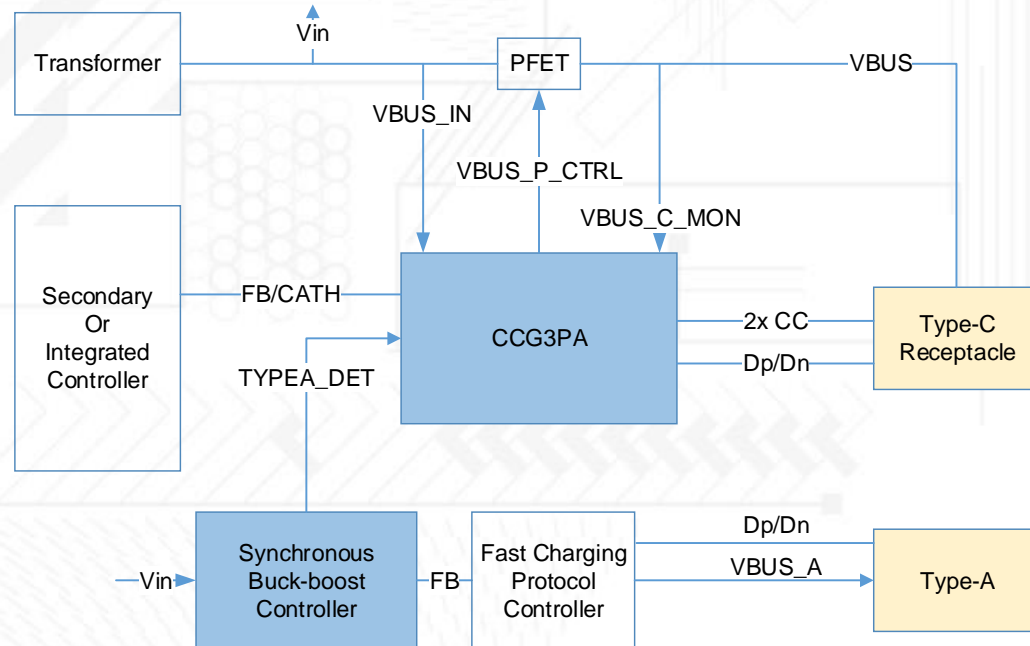
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# Different Type of 1C/1A Power Adapter Design – II

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## ■ Block Diagram



# Different Type of 1C/1A Power Adapter Design –III

## ■ Requirement

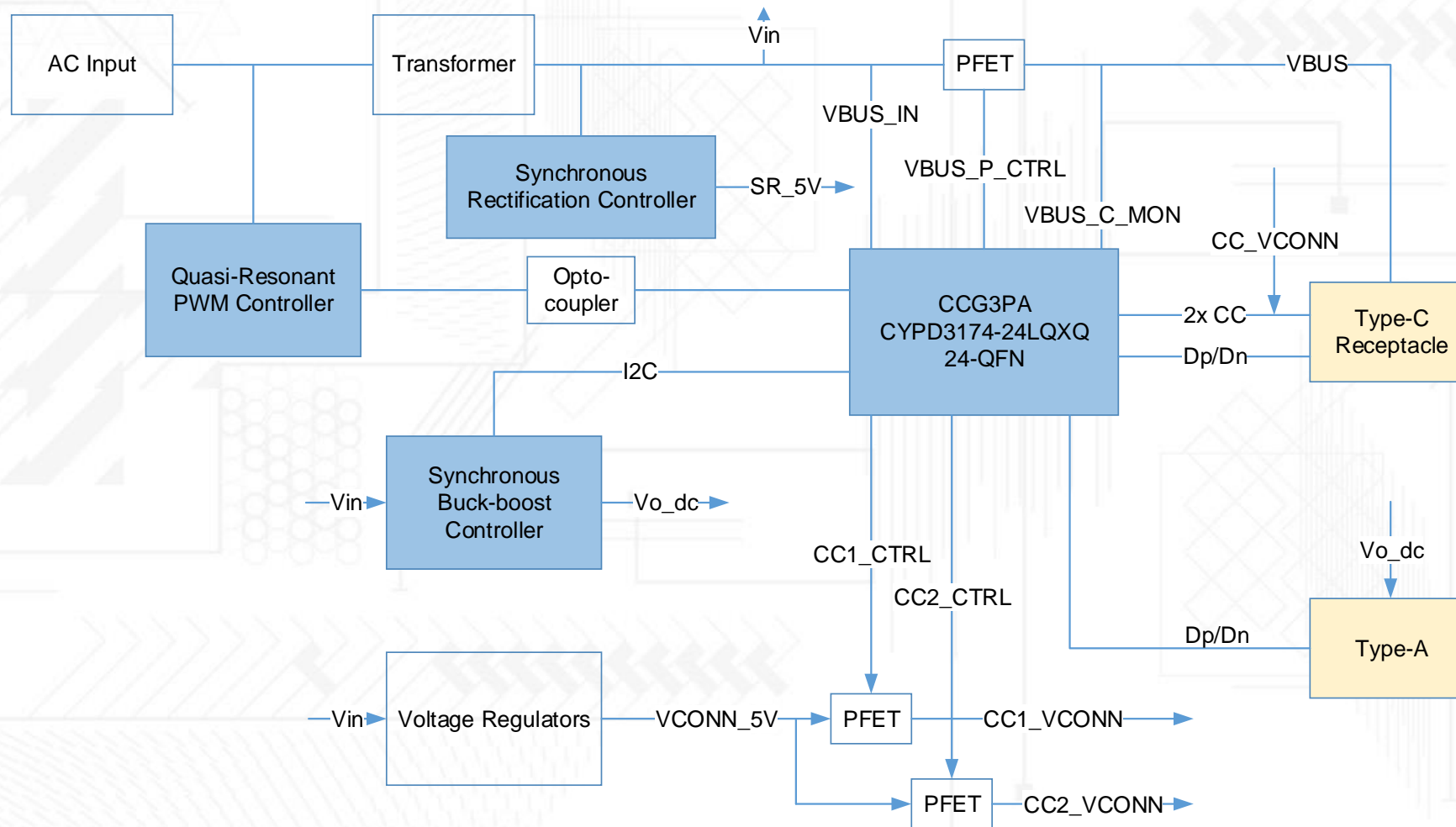
- Type-C port support PD 65W and legacy charging
- Type-A port support legacy charging 18W (Apple Charging, BC1.2, QC2.0, QC3.0, AFC etc.)
- If both Type-C and Type-A port are plugged in, Type-A port output power is limited by Type-C port output power.

Type-C Output	Type-A Output and Legacy Charging Supported
0 ~ 45W	18W (Apple Charging, BC1.2, QC2.0, QC3.0, AFC)
45 ~ 60W	10W (Apple Charging, BC1.2)
60 ~ 65W	5W (BC1.2)

- Does it need to detect that a Type-A device is plugged in?

# Different Type of 1C/1A Power Adapter Design – III

## Block Diagram





# Different Type of 1C/1A Power Adapter Design –III

## ▪ Control Logic for Type-C and Type-A Port

- If there is device on Type-C port and the device request power is lower than or equal with 45W, all legacy charging are supported on Type-A port. And limit input current of DC-DC based on Type-C output voltage and output current of DC-DC based on voltage value device request.
- If the device request power is more than 45W and lower than or equal with 60W, disable Type-A port output for a while and change legacy charging to be Apple Charging and BC1.2. Then enable Type-A port output.
- If the device request power is more than 60W and lower than or equal with 65W, disable Type-A port output for a while and change legacy charging to be BC1.2. Then enable Type-A port output.

## ▪ Key Point in This Design

- How to disable Type-A port output and enable it again?
- How to limit Type-A port output power?

# Temperature Based Power Throttling & Thermal Shutdown

# Auto Configuration in EZ-PD Configuration Utility

## EZ-PD Configuration Utility GUI

The screenshot shows the EZ-PD Configuration Utility GUI. The left sidebar contains a tree view with the following structure:

- Discover Identity
  - Device IDs
- SVID Configuration
- PDO
  - Source PDO
    - Source PDO 0
    - Source PDO 1
    - Source PDO 2
    - Source PDO 3
    - Source PDO 4
    - Source PDO 5
    - Source PDO 6
- SCEDB Configuration
  - Peak Current 1
  - Peak Current 2
  - Peak Current 3
- Power Protections
  - Over Voltage Protection
  - Over Current Protection
  - Under Voltage Protection
  - Short Circuit Protection
- Power Settings
- Charging Configuration
  - Source Setting
    - AFC source caps
  - Sink Settings
- Type-A Configuration
- Auto Configuration
  - Policy Information
  - Input Voltage Throttling Information
  - Temperature Throttling Information**
    - Sensor 0
    - Sensor 1
    - Sensor 2
    - Sensor 3
- User Parameters

The main window displays a 'Parameters' table with the following data:

Parameters	Value
Sensor Control	Enable
Operating Condition-1(OC1) Threshold (°C)	40
Operating Condition-2(OC2) Threshold (°C)	60
Operating Condition-3(OC3) Threshold (°C)	85

① The parameter to handle Temperature Throttling is located under **Auto Configuration** → **Temperature Throttling Information**

- Allows 4 sensor configuration.

② **Sensor Control** option allows you enable/ disable the temperature monitoring.

③ **Operating Condition thresholds:**

**OC1** – Temperature below which the CCG3PAs provide 100% power budget.

**OC2** – If temperature is between OC1 and OC2 then the CCG3PAs will operate at 50% power budget.

**OC3** – If temperature is between OC2 and OC3 then the CCG3PAs will operate at 5V@3A. For Temperature > OC3, CCG3PA will shut down.

# View EZ-PD Analyzer Utility Data for Temperature Throttling

SL#	Status	SOP	Message	Msg Id	Data Role	Power Role	Obj Count	Data	Start Time (us)	Duration (us)	Delta (us)	VBUS Voltage(V)	VBUS Current(A)
1	OK	SOP_PRIME	VDM	0	Reserved	DFP/UFP	1	0x108F 0xFF00A001	7,476,594	631			
2	OK	SOP_PRIME	GoodCRC	0	Reserved	Cable	0	0x141	7,477,401	496			
3	OK	SOP_PRIME	VDM	0	Reserved	Cable	5	0x514F 0xFF008041 0x1C002B1D 0x0 0x12010...	7,479,637	1,155			
4	OK	SOP_PRIME	GoodCRC	0	Reserved	DFP/UFP	0	0x41	7,480,938	499			
5	OK	SOP	Source_Cap	0	DFP	Source	7	0x71A1 0xB01912C 0x2D12C 0x4B12C 0x641F...	7,482,470	638			
6	OK	SOP	GoodCRC	0	UFP	Sink	0	0x41	7,484,046	504			
7	OK	SOP	Request	0	UFP	Sink	1	0x1082 0x4287D1F4	7,485,621	637			
8	OK	SOP	GoodCRC	0	DFP	Source	0	0x161	7,486,404	498			
9	OK	SOP	Accept	1	DFP	Source	0	0x3A3	7,488,039	498			
10	OK	SOP	GoodCRC	1	UFP	Sink	0	0x241	7,488,686	504			
11	OK	SOP	PS_RDY	2	DFP	Source	0	0x5A6	7,619,328	499			
32	OK	SOP	VDM	4	DFP	Sink	1	0x18AF 0xFF00A001	7,670,072	638	1,650	19,992	N/A
33	OK	SOP	GoodCRC	4	UFP	Source	0	0x941	7,670,855	499			
34	OK	SOP	VDM	5	UFP	Source	4	0x4B8F 0xFF00A041 0x18004B4 0x0 0xF66400...	7,672,212	1,029			
35	OK	SOP	GoodCRC	5	DFP	Sink	0	0xA61	7,673,390	502			
36	OK	SOP	Source_Cap	6	UFP	Source	7	0x7D81 0xB01912C 0x2D12C 0x4B12C 0x640F...	31,295,619	638			
37	OK	SOP	GoodCRC	6	DFP	Sink	0	0xC61	31,297,196	502			
38	OK	SOP	Request	5	DFP	Sink	1	0x1AA2 0x1684B12C	31,299,080	637			
39	OK	SOP	GoodCRC	5	UFP	Source	0	0xB41	31,299,863	498			
40	OK	SOP	Accept	7	UFP	Source	0	0xF83	31,301,689	499			
41	OK	SOP	GoodCRC	7	DFP	Sink	0	0xE61	31,302,335	503			
42	OK	SOP	PS_RDY	0	UFP	Source	0	0x186	31,441,747	499			
43	OK	SOP	GoodCRC	0	DFP	Sink	0	0x61	31,442,395	504			
36	OK	SOP_PRIME	VDM	0	Reserved	DFP/UFP	1	0x108F 0xFF00A001	60,386,136	631			
37	OK	SOP_PRIME	GoodCRC	0	Reserved	Cable	0	0x141	60,386,942	496			
38	OK	SOP_PRIME	VDM	0	Reserved	Cable	5	0x514F 0xFF008041 0x1C002B1D 0x0 0x12010...	60,388,988	1,155			
39	OK	SOP_PRIME	GoodCRC	0	Reserved	DFP/UFP	0	0x41	60,390,288	499			
40	OK	SOP	Source_Cap	0	DFP	Source	2	0x21A1 0xB01912C 0xC876213C	60,391,784	638			
41	OK	SOP	GoodCRC	0	UFP	Sink	0	0x41	60,392,696	504			
42	OK	SOP	Request	0	UFP	Sink	1	0x1082 0x1684B12C	60,394,195	638			
43	OK	SOP	GoodCRC	0	DFP	Source	0	0x161	60,394,978	499			
44	OK	SOP	Accept	1	DFP	Source	0	0x3A3	60,396,832	499			
45	OK	SOP	GoodCRC	1	UFP	Sink	0	0x241	60,397,480	505			
46	OK	SOP	PS_RDY	2	DFP	Source	0	0x5A6	60,433,569	498			

1

Power Data Obj-Source 4	0x641F4
Type (31..30)	Fixed
Dual-Role Power (29)	No (0)
USB Suspend Supported (28)	No (0)
Externally Powered (27)	No (0)
USB Communications Capable (26)	No (0)
Data Role Swap (25)	No (0)
Reserved (24...22)	0
Peak Current (21...20)	IOC (default)
Volt in 50mV (19...10)	400(20V)
Max Current in 10mA (9...0)	500(5A)

2

Power Data Obj-Source 4	0x640FA
Type (31..30)	Fixed
Dual-Role Power (29)	No (0)
USB Suspend Supported (28)	No (0)
Externally Powered (27)	No (0)
USB Communications Capable (26)	No (0)
Data Role Swap (25)	No (0)
Reserved (24...22)	0
Peak Current (21...20)	IOC (default)
Volt in 50mV (19...10)	400(20V)
Max Current in 10mA (9...0)	250(2.50A)

3

Power Data Obj-Source 1	0xB01912C
Type (31..30)	Fixed
Dual-Role Power (29)	No (0)
USB Suspend Supported (28)	No (0)
Externally Powered (27)	Yes (1)
USB Communications Capable (26)	No (0)
Data Role Swap (25)	Yes (1)
Reserved (24...22)	0
Peak Current (21...20)	IOC (default)
Volt in 50mV (19...10)	100(5V)
Max Current in 10mA (9...0)	300(3A)

- 1 Sensor 1 Temperature < OC1 : (100W) PDOS: 5V@3A, 9V@3A, 15V@3A , 20V@ 5A & PPS APDO 3.3V- 21V@5A
- 2 Sensor 1 Temperature > OC1 && Sensor 1 Temperature < OC2 : (50W) PDOS: 5V@3A, 9V@ 3A, 15V@3A , 20V@ 2.5A & PPS APDO 3.3V- 21V@2.5A
- 3 Sensor 1 Temperature > OC2 && Sensor 1 Temperature < OC3 : (15W) PDOS: 5V@3A, PPS APDO 3.3V- 5V@3A



# Demo: Modifying CCG3PA Firmware Using the EZ-PD CCG3PA SDK

# Demo: Modifying CCG3PA Firmware Using the EZ-PD CCGx Power SDK

## ▪ Objectives

- Learn to use the EZ-PD CCGx Power SDK
- Modify the CCG3PA power adapter firmware application for a customer-specific design requirement using the EZ-PD CCGx Power SDK
- Program the CCG3PA device on a CY4532 EZ-PD CCG3PA EVK with this modified firmware using the EZ-PD Configuration Utility and test it using the USBCEE Power Tester and CY4500 EZ-PD Protocol Analyzer

## ▪ Hardware tools

- EZ-PD CCG3PA Evaluation Kit (CY4532)
- EZ-PD Protocol Analyzer (CY4500)
- USBCEE PAT Board

## ▪ Software tools

- PSoC Creator 4.2
- EZ-PD CCGx Power SDK
- EZ-PD Configuration Utility
- USBCEE Power Tester

# Demo: Modifying CCG3PA Firmware Using the EZ-PD CCGx Power SDK

## ▪ Demo details

- Change Power Adapter output power based on the status of one GPIO
- If the GPIO is high, output power of the power adapter is 45W
- If the GPIO is low, output power of the power adapter is 27W
- What's the difference between 45W and 27W power adapter?
- How to get the status of the GPIO?
- How to tell sink devices that output power is changed?

## ▪ Extension

- Type-C and Type-A Port Dynamic Adjustment
- Temperature Based Power Throttling

# Demo: EZ-PD CCGx Power Software Development Kit

## PSoC Creator IDE

The screenshot displays the PSoC Creator IDE interface. On the left, the **Workspace Explorer** shows a tree view of the project files, including folders like 'pd\_hal', 'solution', 'system', and 'app'. A blue circle with the number '1' highlights the 'main.c' file in the 'app' folder. The central **Code Explorer** shows the source code for 'main.c', with a blue circle and the number '2' highlighting the 'main()' function. The code includes comments and function calls such as 'dpm\_update\_src\_cap\_mask' and 'GPIO\_ISR\_HANDLER'. At the bottom, the **Output** pane shows a log file with build information and component updates.

- 1 The workspace explorer lists the active project and the various .c files included in it
- 2 The editor pane allows the user to modify the firmware



# Demo: EZ-PD CCGx Power Software Development Kit

## PSoC Creator Schematic View

The screenshot displays the PSoC Creator Schematic View for a project named 'CYPD3171-24LQXQ\_cla'. The main workspace shows a schematic diagram with a central PWM block labeled 'Pwm A'. This block is connected to a 'Clock\_2' block (24 MHz) at its 'clock' input. The 'line\_n' output of the PWM block is connected to a 'Pwm\_Out\_A' block, which is also marked with a circled '1'. Other components visible in the schematic include 'BUCK\_BOOST\_EN\_A' and 'TYPE\_A\_VBUS\_EN'. The left sidebar shows the 'Workspace Explorer' with a tree view of project files, including header files, source files, and system files. The right sidebar shows the 'Component Catalog' with a search bar and a list of components categorized by 'Cypress Off-Chip' and 'Cypress Component Catalog'. The bottom of the window features an 'Output' window showing the results of a build process, including the creation of ELF sections and the successful completion of the build on 08/16/2018 at 21:32:29.

1 The schematic view shows the internal resources in the device

# Demo: EZ-PD CCGx Power Software Development Kit

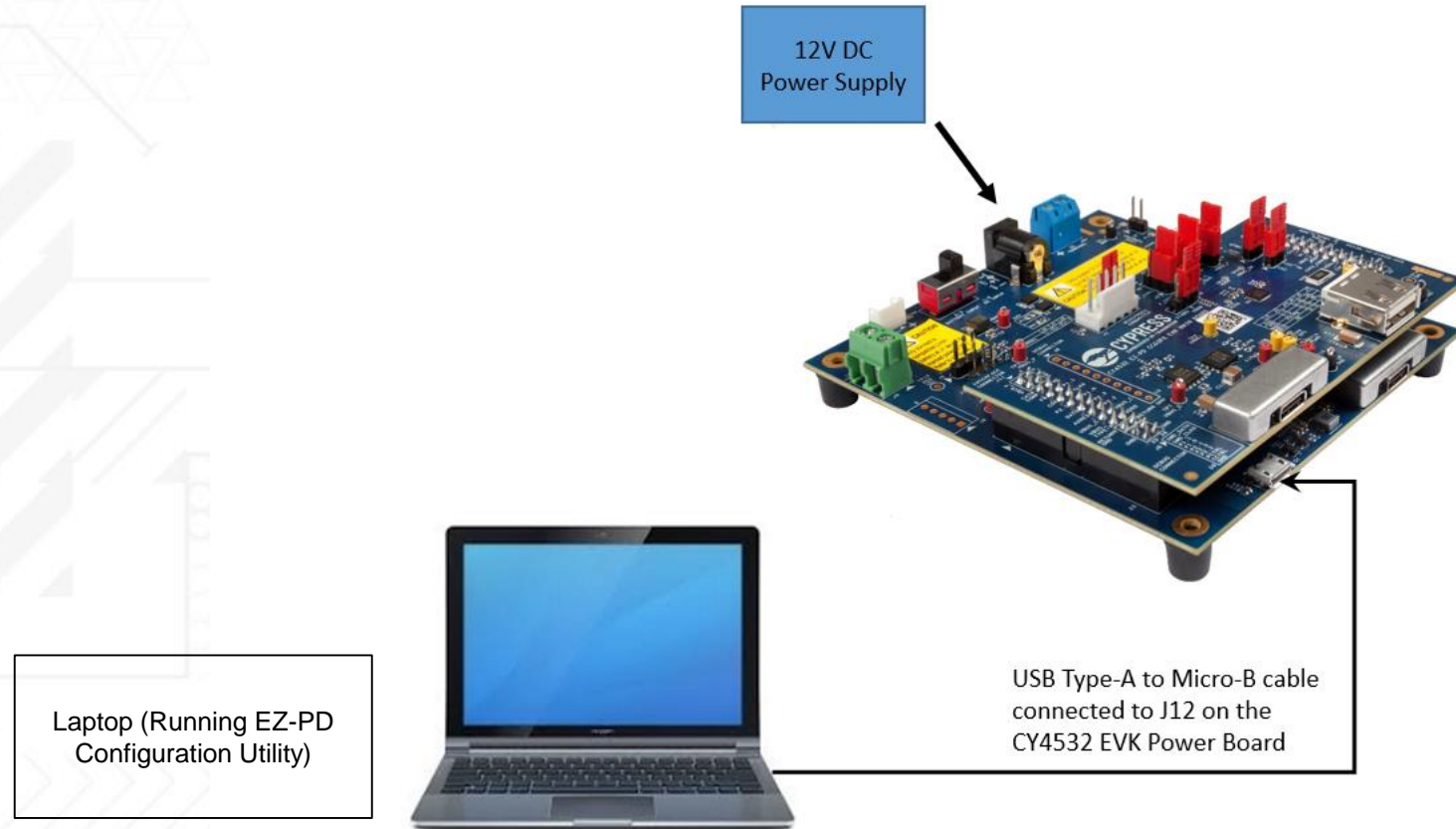
## Design Wide Resource (DWR) View

Name	Port	Pin	Lock
BUCK_BOOST_EN_A	P2[2]	12	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
BUCK_BOOST_EN_C	P1[1]	2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PWM_OUT_A	P0[0]	7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
TYPE_A_VBUS_EN	P0[1]	8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

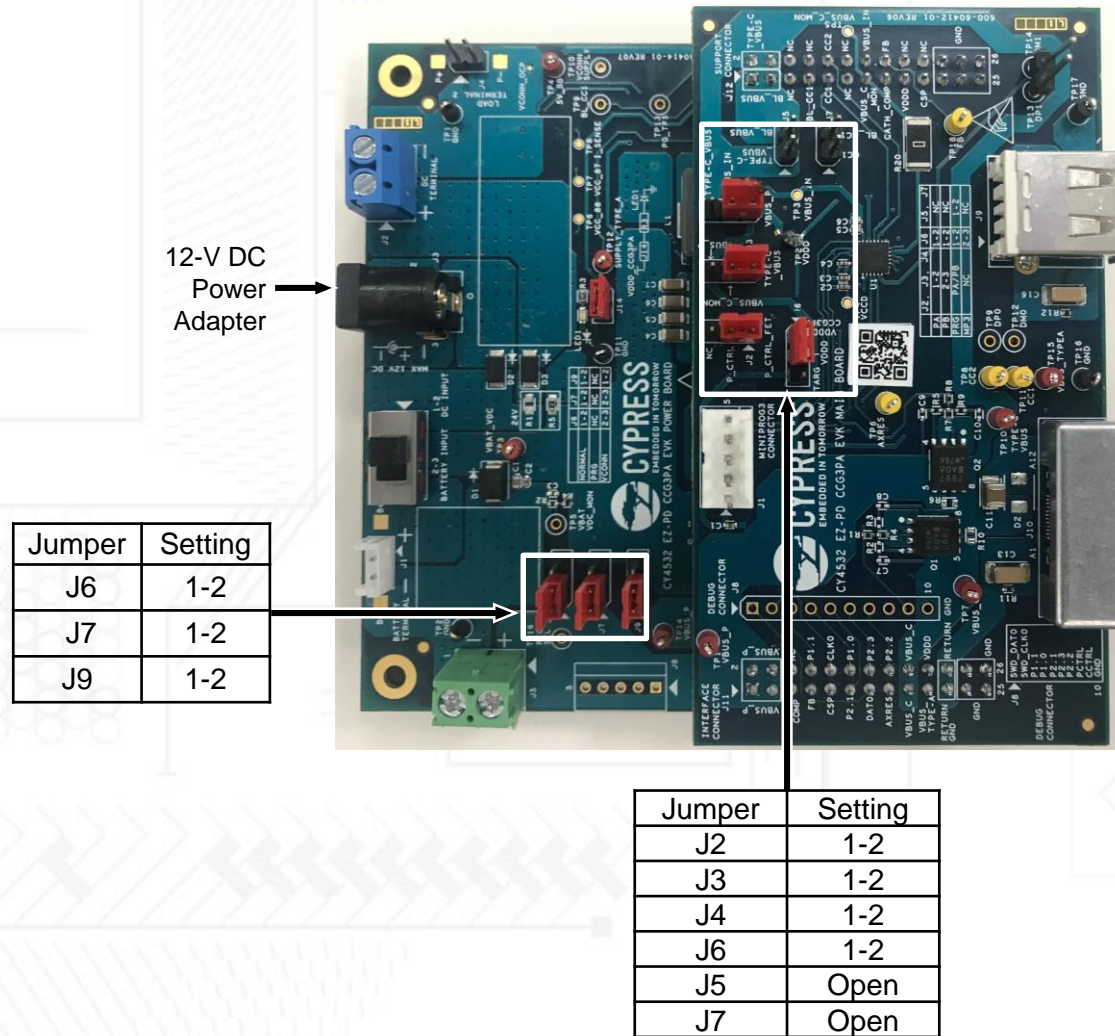
```
arm-none-eabi-ar.exe: creating .\CortexM0\ARM_GCC_541\Debug\CYPD3171-24LQXQ_c1a.a
arm-none-eabi-gcc.exe -Wl,--start-group -o C:\Users\sxfs\Desktop\CCGx_Lab5\Firmware\projects\CYPD3171-24LQXQ_c1a\CYPD3171-24LQXQ_c1a.cydsn\CortexM0\ARM_GCC_541\Debug\CYPD3171-24LQXQ_c1a.elf .
cyelftool.exe -B C:\Users\sxfs\Desktop\CCGx_Lab5\Firmware\projects\CYPD3171-24LQXQ_c1a\CYPD3171-24LQXQ_c1a.cydsn\CortexM0\ARM_GCC_541\Debug\CYPD3171-24LQXQ_c1a.elf --flash_row_size 128 --fla
No ELF section .cychecksum found, creating one
Application checksum calculated and stored in ELF section .cychecksum
Checksum calculated and stored in ELF section .cymeta
cyelftool.exe -S C:\Users\sxfs\Desktop\CCGx_Lab5\Firmware\projects\CYPD3171-24LQXQ_c1a\CYPD3171-24LQXQ_c1a.cydsn\CortexM0\ARM_GCC_541\Debug\CYPD3171-24LQXQ_c1a.elf
Flash used: 63200 of 65536 bytes (96.4 %). Bootloader: 3712 bytes. Application: 59360 bytes. Metadata: 128 bytes.
SRAM used: 5416 of 3192 bytes (66.1 %). Stack: 2048 bytes. Heap: 128 bytes.
-----
Build Succeeded: 08/16/2018 21:32:29 -----
```

- 1 The DWR view shows the pin mapping for each internal resource from the schematic view
- 2 The pin assignments can be modified using the pin mapping table

# Demo: Programming a CCG3PA with Modified Firmware

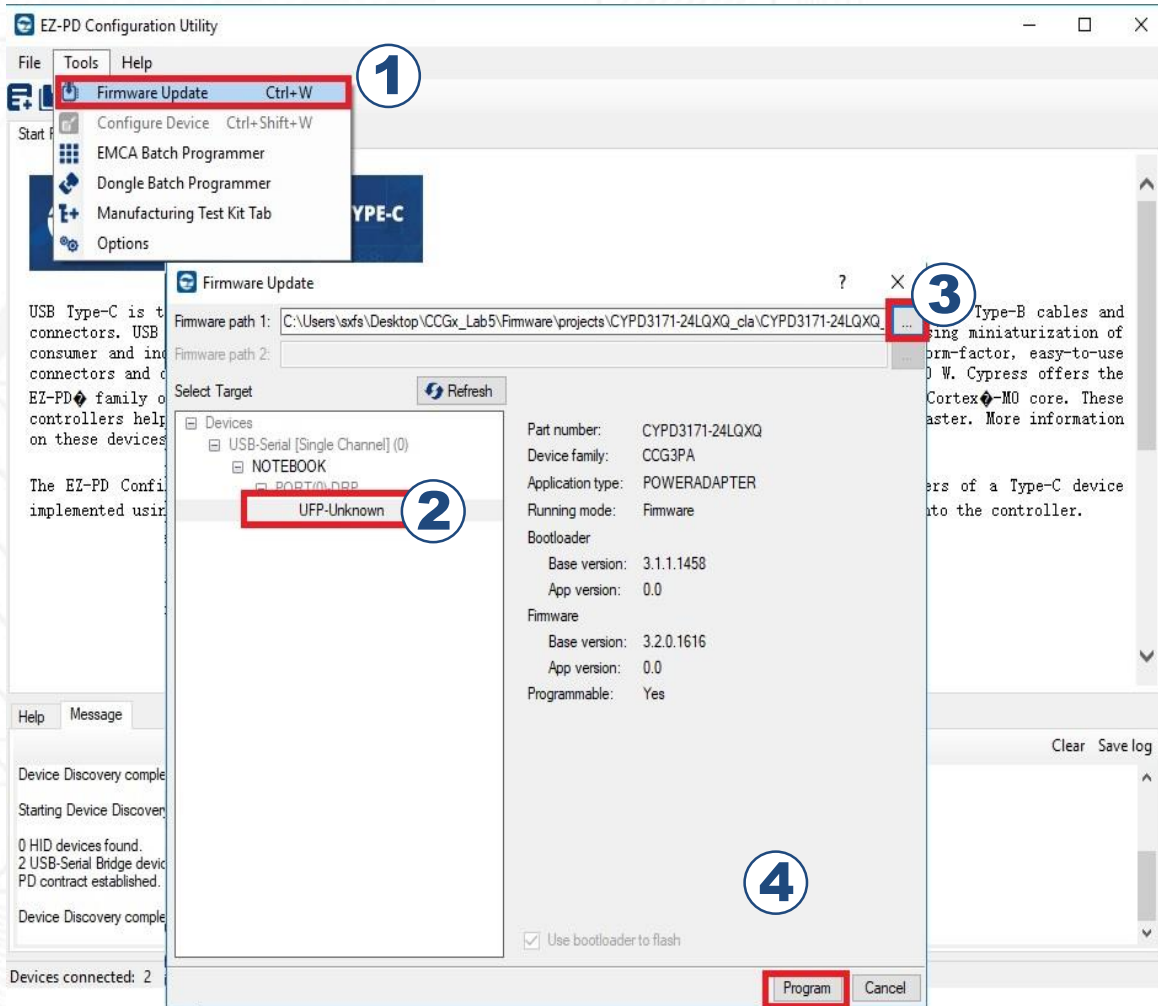


# Demo: Programming a CCG3PA with Modified Firmware





# Demo: Programming a CCG3PA with Modified Firmware Using the EZ-PD Utility



## Steps

- 1 Select **Tools > Firmware Update**. This opens the **Firmware Update** window.
- 2 Select **UFP-Unknown** as the target device
- 3 Select the appropriate “.cyacd” file to be programmed in folder ...\**CYPD3171-24LQXQ\_cla.cydsn\CortexM0\_VARM\_GCC\_541\Debug**
- 4 Click on the **Program** button

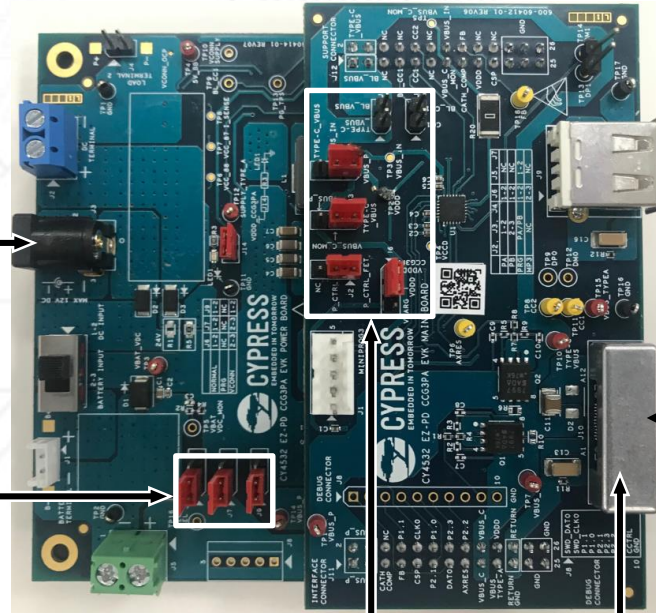
# Demo: Observing Modified Firmware

EZ-PD CCG3PA EVK

12-V DC Power Adapter

Jumper	Setting
J6	1-2
J7	1-2
J9	1-2

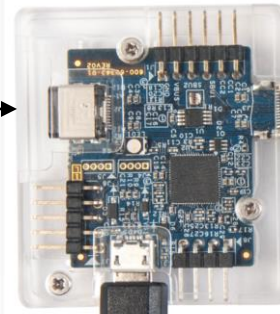
Jumper	Setting
J2	1-2
J3	1-2
J4	1-2
J6	1-2
J5	Open
J7	Open



USB Type-C Cable

Type-C Port

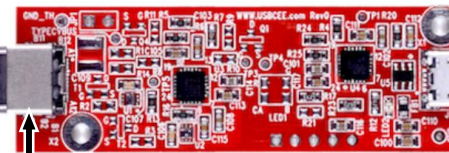
EZ-PD Protocol Analyzer



Micro-USB Cable

Laptop (Running EZ-PD Analyzer Utility)

USBCEE PAT Board



Type-C Port

Micro-USB Cable

Laptop (Running USBCEE Power Tester)

# Debug Skills in CCG3PA Design

# Debug Skills in CCG3PA Design

## ■ Add UART

- For all VBUS FAULT

```
#if DEBUG_UART
    SW_Tx_UART_PutString("APP_EVT_VBUS_OCP_FAULT");
    SW_Tx_UART_PutCRLF();
#endif
```

- For special variable

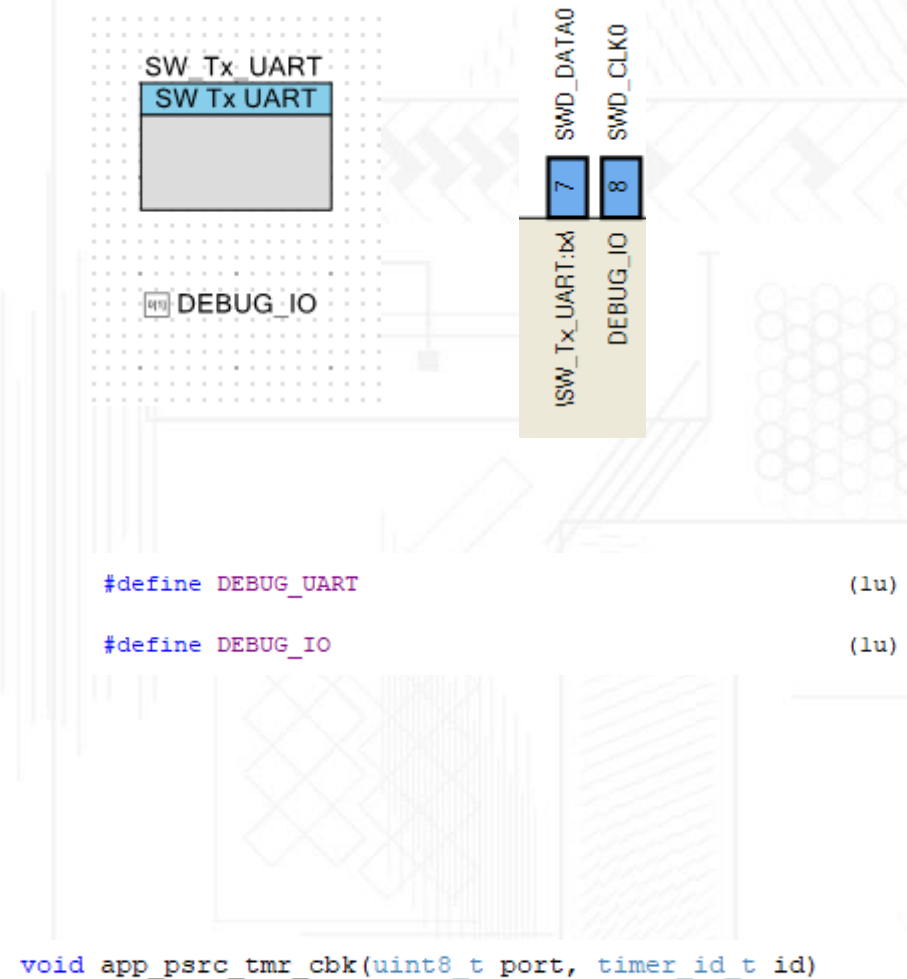
```
#if DEBUG_UART
    SW_Tx_UART_PutString("ocp_cur = ");
    SW_Tx_UART_PutHexInt(ocp_cur);
    SW_Tx_UART_PutCRLF();
#endif
```

## ■ Add GPIO

- For function that UART can't do like

```
static void vbus_ctrl_fb_set_volt_cbk(uint8_t port, timer_id_t id)
```

- For some special timing







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